

REMEMBER
THESE
Prices Mean
A SAVING
OF
25 to 35c.
on every dollar you spend.

A change in our
Shoe Department.



Ladies' Shoes.

We have secured the Grayling Agency for the celebrated Queen Quality Shoe for women.

Room must be made for this immense stock which will soon be arriving. To do this quick all Ladies Shoes will be sold at 25 per cent off. This applies to our entire stock of Ladies' shoes, whether they be high or low, black or tan, all go at 25 per cent off on the dollar.

Men's and Children's Shoes.



All men's and children's Shoes at reduced prices Men's Elk Skin shoes, sold at \$2.25 and \$2.50, go at \$1.90 during this sale.

Straw Hats.

Every hat new this year. We do not want to carry any over, so they go at cost.

Caps.

Men's, boy's and children's at stock reduction sale prices.

Shirts.

We have purchased from the Peerless Manufacturing Company 25 dozen men's dress shirts worth 50 and 75 cents. During this sale, will be sold at 35 cents each.

Working shirts.

15 dozen work shirts worth 50 cents, to close at 35 cents.

GRAND Reduction Sale!

In order to avoid paying high prices for our Fall goods we found it advisable to place our orders much earlier than usual. Now we find it will be necessary to reduce our present stock about one third, to make room for the early arrivals, and so we have concluded to ask you to help us get the many nice Summer goods out of the way, and we will pay you well for your help.

During the month of July, from
Saturday, July 7, to Tuesday July 31,
you will be able to purchase many goods that you need right now, and will need every day for at least two months, at prices which means a saving of at least
25c to 35c on a Dollar.

Boys Clothing.

We are sole agents for the "Kant-wear-out" brand of Boys Clothing. During this sale every suit with exception of the "Hercules" suits which are water and mud proof, will be sold at 25 per cent off.

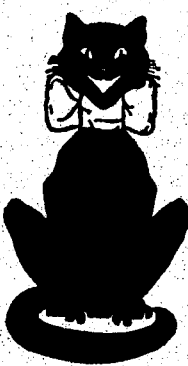
Special In Men's Pants.



\$5.00 fine worsted dress pants for 4.00
4.50 worsted pants 3.75
4.00 worsted pants 3.25
3.00 dress suits 2.48
A special lot of men's \$1.00 cotton pants, during this sale at 75c. Come and see them.

Boys Knee Pants.

\$1.50 pants for 1.15
1.25 " " .98
1.00 " " .79
.75 " " .59
.50 " " .39
.25 " " .19



Boys
25 cent
Leather
Stocking
19 cent

Ladies Hose.

It is impossible to get a good 10c Ladies Hose now, but in our stock reduction sale, have decided to make 15c Hose at 10c a pair straight.

Ribbons.

Special sale of ribbons. All taffeta silk ribbons, all colors, from 9 to 60 at 10c yard.

Dress Goods.

All 50c dress goods in either plain or fancy at 37 1-2.
All 75c dress goods at 49c. We save you 26c on every yard or nearly 50 cents on the dollar.
Every piece of dress goods at special stock reduction prices.

Ladies Waists.

All Ladies summer waists, white or colored at 1-3 off regular prices.

Mens Suits.

We have done a remarkable business during the time we have been selling Mens Clothing, and any one who has worn any of our suits can testify to the wearing quality they possess. We handle only the best makes.

1-3 Off.

During our stock reduction sale every man's suit will be sold at one-third off. Every suit marked in plain figures.

Men's Fancy Vests.

These vests are all new spring styles.
\$3.00 vests at \$2.29
2.50 " " 1.98
2.00 " " 1.59
1.50 " " 1.19

Men's Belts.

Men's 50c Belt while they last at 29c

Ladies Wrappers.

\$1.00 percale wrappers in assorted colors at 75c.

Children's Coats.

One lot of children's black silk coats worth \$3.50 for 2.25.
One lot of children's black and colored silk coats worth \$5.00 for 3.25.

Ladies' Skirts.



While Mr. Joseph was in Cleveland, one of the largest skirt and cloak manufacturers in the country, offered the balance of his sample line of summer skirts and coats at one-half regular prices.

The lot includes the very latest ideas, in all colors and styles in the new gray, black and blue colors. If you want to secure an elegant skirt, it will be to your interest to come and look them over.

Ladies Coats.

The lot bought at this remarkable purchase includes 25 of the latest styles—all silk and satin lined. These coats were made to sell at \$8.00 to \$20.00. We will sell them at our stock reduction sale at from \$3.75 to \$8.00. These will not last long, so come early.

Summer Underwear

Ladies' 10c sleeveless vests for 5c. 6 for 25c.
15c vests, with or without short sleeves 10c
25c vests at 19c
50c vests at 37c

Belts.

We bought a special lot of black and white silk belts worth 50c. Through this sale at 25c.

Children's Dresses.

Every child's dress must be closed out during this sale at most any price.

GRAYLING MERCANTILE CO.



If farm lands are too scarce, why not pasture more and cultivate less?

If you have never had a plot of lima beans try to arrange to grow some. They are certainly the king bean.

In mixed farming there is much stuff that would otherwise be wasted that, if sheep were kept, would be converted into a merchantable product.

There is only one graft that always pays and that is grafting fruit trees. Many men have tried other kinds and in the end have found that it did not pay.

The oleo crowd have evidently come to the conclusion that the dairy interests are keenly alive to the situation and propose to keep bogus butter just where it belongs.

The garden is a twofold source of health. Try it. The home orchard and the family garden are not mere conveniences, but are real necessities. A year's opportunities pass, in this case, with April.

When one goes along the roadside and sees locks of wool attached to the lower wire of a two wire fence he is led to believe that a man ought to either have a better fence or quit the sheep business.

It has been observed several times that the man who drives a skunk, poor horse usually carries a fig whip. If such men would be as free with feed as they are with their whips they probably would have better horses.

It is not enough to test the seed corn as a whole. It should be thoroughly tested according to the most approved methods. The planter should also be tested. Doing these things properly actually tests the farmer himself, and if he stands the test the crop usually does.

It is a most dangerous practice for a boy or any other person to stand immediately behind a horse that is hauling up the hay fork loaded with a big load of hay. Should anything give way, as a breaking of a singletree, before the load has reached the carrier, there is liable to be an accident.

The owner of one-hundred-dollar land is to be complimented when he changes his management from a grain producer to a stock grower. It is all right to grow grain when it can be produced at a profit. But one cannot afford to haul away by the load the fertility of one-hundred-dollar land.

A fruit grower says: "The borer is the worst enemy to the apple tree. It does its work in the early summer. I have found that free washing with soap suds furnishes complete protection, provided the moths have not already laid their eggs in the tree. The trunks of the trees should be washed about the middle of the months of April, May and June each year."

Goats are said to be great leaders and even protectors of sheep. Some time ago a shepherd of New Mexico, while away from the home camp, lost his dog and broke his leg on the same day. Five days later the sheep, led by the goats, appeared at the home ranch after crossing two mountain ranges by a path of their own finding with but seven sheep missing out of the flock of 1,000.

If you have a board floor in your poultry house (as you should have) it is a good idea to cover it with sand. It is then much easier to clean it off. Frequently layers of dry leaves are preferred by some, which should be often applied and they answer the same purpose. In any event, keep the poultry house well cleaned all the time.

Any farmer who would leave several bushels of oats on the ground at harvest time would be considered a foolish man, and yet he does practically the same thing when he sows inferior seed that is infested with foul seed, straw and spoiled grain. He cuts his yield several bushels which is equivalent to leaving that much on the ground at harvest time. One is a foolish practice and so is the other. In recent years more farmers are cleaning seed oats and treating them for smut.

Gophers may be destroyed by poison better than by traps. The latter is a slow way to get them. In clover meadow or elsewhere poison seems to appeal to me as the better way. Bisulphide of carbon is effective, but is more expensive than poison. A well-known remedy consists in dissolving one ounce of strychnine sulphate in one pint of boiling water, add one pint of thick sugar syrup and stir. Preserve in a close vessel. This quantity is sufficient to poison a half bushel of shelled corn.

The best soil for most plants and especially young flower plants is a rich, mellow loam and if not sandy, put sand in it, mixing it well, for it is impossible to grow good plants in a stiff, hard soil. A very important thing is to procure good seed, which you can depend on coming true to name, which should be sown with care. There is a general rule given to guide those who are beginners. Cover seed twice the depth of its own thickness, except very fine ones, such as portulaca, potunia, etc. Just add a very little fine soil on, then take a thin board and press the soil, so as to keep the air from drying it out.

How to Prune to Make Good Fruit. As a rule heavy wood growth is not conducive to fruitfulness, while slow wood growth encourages fruit production. Light summer pruning is essential.

ENGLISH RAIL WRECK

Train Plunges from Track When Running at High Speed—Tourists Just Landed Hurled to Horrible Destruction—Bodies Mangled.

In the most appalling railroad disaster known in England in the last twenty-five years, twenty-three out of forty-seven American passengers who had landed at Plymouth from the steamship New York, late Sunday night, were instantly killed at Salisbury about 2 o'clock Monday morning as the flying express train, which was rushing them from that town to London was demolished in a collision. Almost every one of the remaining twenty-four passengers from the United States was injured seriously. The total casualties number twenty-eight and several of the injured are expected to die.

The train had passed the Salisbury station platform at high speed. At a sharp curve just outside the station the locomotive jumped the track and, plunging up the rails, crashed into a west-bound freight train. The engine mounted the side of the railway bridge over the River Avon and turned turtle. There were three passenger coaches in the train. The first of these shot past the locomotive, crashed into the railway bridge and was smashed into splinters, portions of the wreck being hurled completely over the bridge. The second and third passenger cars were toppled over on the line and completely destroyed.

The ill-fated train was known as the "Boat Special." It was run by the London and Southampton Railway as a direct express, with an average speed of more than sixty miles an hour between Plymouth and London. The train service was inaugurated by arrangement with the International Mercantile Marine Company of New York, known as J. P. Morgan's ship trust, when that concern changed its English port from Liverpool to Southampton and sought to beat the time to London made by trains in connection with the Liverpool liners. It was one of the fastest and most luxuriously equipped trains in the British Empire, rivaling the famous "Flying Scotsman," which runs between London and Edinburgh.

It was waiting with steam up for the steamship New York, which entered Plymouth at 9:25 o'clock Sunday night, having sailed from New York Saturday, June 23. Forty-seven Americans of the eighty-eight passengers who left the American liner at that point hurried to enter it, not dreaming that within the space of a few hours it was to speed many of them to an awful death.

The train was made up of three passenger coaches and a conductor's or guard's van, containing the kitchen for the service of meals. It reached the old city of Salisbury, near which is historic Stonehenge, at 2 o'clock Monday morning. It passed through the station at the rate of more than a mile a minute.

Just outside the station the track takes a sharp curve. Engineers, knowing that, usually slacken speed as they reach Salisbury. For some reason, which probably will never be known, for the man is among the dead, the driver forced the locomotive to even higher than the scheduled rate of six miles an hour.

The consequence was that the engine, of the somewhat light pattern employed in England, jumped the rails. It plowed diagonally across the tracks, dragging the cars behind it, and dashed into a west-bound freight train.

Locomotive Turns Turtle. The collision deflected it and sent it plunging on the girders of the railway bridge over the River Avon. There it turned turtle. The heavy steel couplings connecting the engine with the passenger coach immediately behind it snapped like cotton thread, and the engine, locomotive crumpled off the freight train. The first of the cars shot past the engine as it capsize and itself crashed into the wall running along the side of the bridge and was smashed to splinters. Portions of the wreckage were hurled over the structure into the river below. The second and third cars capsize on the track and were smashed into splinters.

Bodies of the dead were fearfully mangled and one woman was decapitated. Among the killed were such well-known New Yorkers as Louis Cassier, proprietor of Cassier's Magazine; Frederick Henry Cassitt, son-in-law of former Judge Dugan of New York; John E. McDonald, Vanderbilt's racing agent; Charles E. Sennell, a rich Manhattan broker; and his two daughters and wife. Other noted persons among the dead were F. W. Koch, a millionaire banker, an Allegheny, Pa.; McMeekin, turfman, of Lexington, Ky., who bred the famous race horse McMeekin; Walter Barwick, leading lawyer; and King's counsel of Toronto. Mrs. C. W. Elphicke of Chicago was among those killed and R. S. Critchell, also of Chicago, was so badly injured that there was little hope entertained of his recovery.

Notwithstanding the combined efforts of the rescuers, hours elapsed before the bodies of the injured could be in any way relieved. As they were lifted out after the piles of wreckage had been cleared from above them they were carried to the waiting rooms in Salisbury station, where doctors were summoned from all over the neighborhood. The dead bodies were laid in rows on the station platform for identification.

The scene as described by some of the survivors was most fearful. The shrieks of the dying as they lay pinned helplessly beneath the wreckage made the blood of the few who had escaped injury run cold. For some minutes every one of those fortunate seemed paralyzed with fear. The arrival of the station men from Salisbury restored them and they quickly assisted in the work of rescue. Residents along the line of the railroad also rushed to the scene and within a short time railroad officials had sent regular wreckage crews to the spot.

Alcohol for Torpedo Boats. The International Power Company has purchased the Horrothoff patents and will begin to manufacture torpedo boats to be operated by alcohol motors. The boats will be of the type now in naval warfare. President Hoadley of the International Power Company says that by the use of these motors they will make torpedo boats of the same length and tonnage as any steam power boat, with the saving of half the weight and half the draught. This will increase the radius of action for torpedo-boat service, and the alcohol motor boat will be able to make the trans-Atlantic voyage.



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The number of excluded immigrants in May last exceeded all records by 100. The total excluded was 1,755. Of this immigration 31 per cent settled in the State of New York, principally in New York City; 20 per cent in Pennsylvania; 5 per cent in Illinois and Massachusetts; and 3 1/2 each in New Jersey and Ohio. In these six States settled 70 per cent of the entire immigration.

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WASHINGTON GOSSIP

During the last fiscal year there were 6,533 desertions from the United States army, an increase of 900 over the preceding year, and amounting to 11.07 per cent of the entire enlisted strength. That is to say, of every nine soldiers enlisted, one deserts. No other army in the world equals that, although no better housed and better fed than the American soldier. The Inspector General gives as one of the reasons for the numerous desertions that no beer can be had in the post exchanges, and he adds that if the exchanges were to furnish the soldier with light beer under the supervision of the commanding officer, it would result in greater contentment and in minimizing the crime of desertion.

The government has found it necessary to issue a warning to the public against persons who represent themselves as agents and canvassers for the maps of the Geological Survey. As is generally known, they are by far the best that are to be had of the country mapped, because they are not only accurately drawn, but are on a large scale. They are sold by the government for five cents a sheet. The bogus "agents" charge two dollars. It should be noted, however, that the government does not authorize certain bookkeepers and stationers to sell the atlas sheet maps at a slight advance over the government price, to pay them for the trouble of keeping and handling them.

The Interstate commerce commission has extended its inquiry to include all the railroads in the country. Circular letters were sent Wednesday to the officers of 318 companies, operating 213,940 miles of railroads, calling for information to be furnished before July 15. President Cassatt and the coal roads are to have full opportunity to be heard. The Pennsylvania's committee made public the answers of Cassatt, the questions asked of all officers and employees. He denied that he held stock in coal companies or that he had ever received gifts from them, but admitted that he owned \$350,000 worth of stock in a various steel rail and equipment companies which sell to the Pennsylvania.

The greater part of the business of the United States Supreme Court consists in deciding cases on appeal from the lower courts. Over some cases it has original and exclusive jurisdiction, chief among which are suits to which a State of the Union is a party. Last month the docket of original cases was called for the first time in twenty-nine years. When the attorneys for New Jersey and Delaware, which have had a boundary dispute before the court since 1877, asked for a continuance, the Chief Justice remarked that the court does not keep cases on the calendar for more than a generation. There seems to be a limit to the period during which States shall suffer from the law's delays.

In a speech made at the White House to twenty city and state civil service officials, President Roosevelt said that after having had experience in nearly all branches of government, he was inclined more and more to feel that the observance in letter and spirit of the civil service law was the first requisite in obtaining clean, decent, efficient government service in any branch or bureau of the government. Political appointments, he said, while seemingly necessary in some cases, nearly always brought bad results. He said that exceptions would have to be made in the case of promotions to insure best results.

By direction of the president, the civil service commission has investigated the matter of aged employees in the department service. The number who are 65 years or older is 1,926. Of these 3 per cent entered the service through examination. The work of only ninety is rated as poor, and ten accomplishing nothing, the vast majority being efficient and hundreds past 70 who can do a good day's work.

Efforts are making to persuade Congress to authorize the publication of the names of the heads of families as shown by the first census of 1790. The report of that census was never printed, and is accessible only in well-worn manuscript. It would be interesting now chiefly to genealogists, but that is an interest which deserves to be respected.

The trade of the United States with Japan is larger than with any other oriental country, according to a bulletin issued by the department of commerce and labor, and aggregated in the fiscal year \$100,000,000. Exports to that country have grown from about \$5,000,000 in the calendar year 1895 to over \$55,000,000 in the fiscal year 1905, and imports from that country from \$27,500,000 in 1895 to nearly \$51,000,000 in 1905.

Told in a Few Lines. The indictments against Postmaster Fred Greiner of Buffalo, charging bribery, have been dismissed.

The Emperor of Japan will personally invest Baron Komura with the ambassadorship to the court of St. James.

Mrs. Charles Leitch, proprietress of a hotel and lodging house at Little Rock, Ark., was found murdered in her room.

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"We are able to say, with exact truth, that every pound of meat in our plants, for local as well as for export, is inspected and passed in accordance with the full regulations of the Department of Agriculture and the bureau of animal industry. Unprejudiced men and scientists, who have exact knowledge, will agree that these regulations are the strictest in the world. Every day carcasses and meats that would be passed for food in Germany and other foreign countries are condemned in our houses. States settled to grass and fertilizer."

MILLION ALIENS IN A YEAR. Immigration Figures for 1905-1906 to Break Record.

The year closing June 30, 1905, saw 1,026,469 immigrants enter all the ports of the nation, but this year promises for the port of New York alone to equal the total last year for the whole United States. Up to June 1 this year a total of 870,000 aliens had been received at Ellis Island. By the end of the month even more are expected to bring the total to 1,000,000, perhaps even to 1,200,000. The immigrants are from every country in Europe, but the Austro-Hungarian predominates. Next comes the Italians, of whom 250,000 came to the United States in 1905. Next in numbers come the Russians, followed by the Scotch, Irish, English, French, Spaniards, Portuguese, Germans, Armenians, Turks, Greeks, Dutch, Swedes, Norwegians, Danes, Rumanians, Bulgarians and Swiss.

The number of excluded immigrants in May last exceeded all records by 100. The total excluded was 1,755. Of this immigration 31 per cent settled in the State of New York, principally in New York City; 20 per cent in Pennsylvania; 5 per cent in Illinois and Massachusetts; and 3 1/2 each in New Jersey and Ohio. In these six States settled 70 per cent of the entire immigration.

OLD TIMERS. Herr Louis Kuhn of the Deutschen theater, the oldest German actor, recently celebrated his ninetieth birthday.

Henry P. Adams, the veteran cashier of the Boston postal district, has just completed sixty years in the United States service.

Tolstoi is reported to be in excellent health. He reads less than formerly, but his reading now consists of English and American works on labor questions.

L. B. Abrahamson, head master of the Jews' free school at Buffalo, England, has retired after fifty-three years of service. He is 67 years old and Israel Zangwill was once his pupil.

Mrs. Charles Leitch, proprietress of a hotel and lodging house at Little Rock, Ark., was found murdered in her room.

Thophilus Zarburg, a wealthy Philadelphian, has hired detectives to trace the writer of an anonymous letter threatening him with death unless he handed over \$25,000.

Warren Delcher, for fifty-three years postmaster at Winthrop, Mass., has resigned to be succeeded by his son, David Delcher. In time of service he was the oldest postmaster in the United States.

Charles Haynes Haswell of New York, 97 years old this month, is a practicing engineer and was an interesting figure at the laying of the new England's club house corner stone by Mrs. Carnegie the other day.

It is said that George Fletcher, who lives in Kiley, near Pocomo, County Tyrone, is the oldest subject of King Edward. He has recently attained his 119th year and ought to be the oldest man in the world.

ARMOUR SPEAKS OUT. Chicago Packer Refutes to Current Criticism as Unjustifiable. J. O. Armour, who arrived in New York Tuesday with his wife and daughter after a season in Europe, had much to say in defense of the meat packing industry and of its critics. In a word, he denounced the attacks as scandalously unfair and, with references to the corporation of Armour & Co., he said it had spent an average of \$700,000 a year for the last five years in the extension and general improvement of its plant at the stock yards. Mr. Armour said:

"The entire export trade of this country has been badly damaged. To estimate the total loss now would be merely guess work. It may run into hundreds of millions. When the American industries are slandered by persons who pretend to speak as Americans it is to be expected that the foreign competitors will take advantage of it."

"The public has been ignorantly or maliciously misinformed on the two most important phases of the whole question—namely, the character of the meat inspection as it is and has been and the attitude of the large packers toward the proposed legislation."

"The inspection now in force in all of the larger packing houses makes the sale of diseased meats for such houses impossible. The government, which is responsible for the inspection, has failed to state the facts about it."

"The large packers believe in government inspection. They asked for it in the first place. They want it continued and improved. If it can be improved. Certain minor features of the proposed legislation, as first presented, were objectionable. They apparently were put into the bill by persons who had not any knowledge of or regard for the practical side of any business. But I believe all of the large packers heartily favor the purpose which the pending bill is intended to accomplish—namely:

"Thorough inspection of all animals before slaughter."

BOY'S TERRIBLE ECZEMA.

Mouth and Eyes Covered with Crusts—Hands Pinned Down—Miraculous Cure by Cuticura.

"When my little boy was six months old, he had eczema. The sores extended so quickly over the whole body that we at once called in the doctor. We then went to another doctor, but he could not help him, and in our despair we went to a third one. Matters became so bad that he had regular holes in his cheeks, large enough to put a finger into. The food had to be given with a spoon, for his mouth was covered with crusts as thick as a finger, and whenever he opened the mouth they began to bleed and suppurate, as did also his eyes. Hands, arms, chest and back, in short the whole body, was covered over and over. We had no rest by day or night. Whenever he was laid in his bed, we had to pin his hands down; otherwise he would scratch his face, and make an open sore. I think his face must have itched most fearfully.

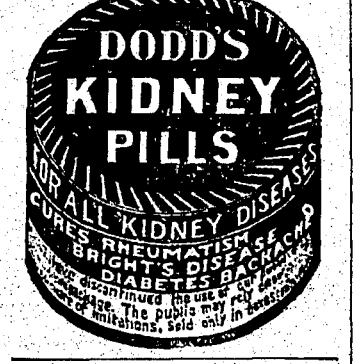
"We finally thought nothing could help, and I had made up my mind to send my wife with the child to Europe, hoping that the sea air might cure him, otherwise he was to be put under good medical care there. But, Lord be blessed, matters came differently, and we soon saw a miracle. A friend of ours spoke about Cuticura. We made a trial with Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, and within ten days or two weeks we noticed a decided improvement. Just as quickly as the sickness had appeared it also began to disappear, and within ten weeks the child was absolutely well, and his skin was smooth and white as never before. F. Hohrath, President of the C. L. Hohrath Company, Manufacturers of Silk Ribbons, 4 to 26 Rink Alley, South Bethlehem, Pa. June 5, 1905."

Little Danger in Comet Collisions.
If you are 45 years old, you can claim to have passed right through the tail of a comet. As a matter of fact, twice during last century—namely, in 1818 and 1861—did this earth of ours whirl through the tails of comets (one in each of the years named), and so slight was the damage done that no one realized what had happened until some time afterwards.

We have collided with several meteor swarms without serious result. The collision of 1833 was the most remarkable. The whole sky appeared to be raining stars, thousands of meteorites being visible at once, many of them far brighter than Venus, and leaving long, brilliant trails.

The earth's atmosphere protects us from any real danger from these visitations. Solid bodies rushing at an enormous rate through space are immediately fused and dissipated as gases when they first come in contact with our atmosphere, the friction thus set up resulting in incalculable heat.

Repayment.
"Made their wedding trip in an automobile."
"That's what they did. They had a fool idea that it would be cheaper than traveling in palace cars."



YOU CANNOT CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

The Greatest Boarding College IN THE WORLD
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana
We guarantee two points: Our students study and our students behave themselves.
10 Buildings 75 Professors 800 Students
Courses in Arts and Letters, Engineering, Law, Medicine, Science, Agriculture, Business, and all the modern languages.
Special Department for Boys Under Thirteen
TERMS: Board, Tuition, and Laundry, \$400. Send ten cents to the Secretary for Catalogue.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN.
A Certain Cure for Eczema, Scabies, and all other skin diseases. It is a sweet powder, and is used by simply dusting it over the affected parts. It is a certain cure for all these diseases, and is a most valuable remedy for children. It is sold in all drug stores, and is a most valuable remedy for children. It is sold in all drug stores, and is a most valuable remedy for children.

THE BAIT FLY KILLER
This is a most valuable remedy for killing flies. It is a most valuable remedy for killing flies. It is sold in all drug stores, and is a most valuable remedy for killing flies. It is sold in all drug stores, and is a most valuable remedy for killing flies.

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER
STRAIGHT AND CLEAN
\$1.000.000
Your jobber or direct from Factory. Please.

Thompson's Eyo Water
It cures all eye diseases. It is a most valuable remedy for eye diseases. It is sold in all drug stores, and is a most valuable remedy for eye diseases. It is sold in all drug stores, and is a most valuable remedy for eye diseases.

A NEW STAR IN THE FIRMAMENT.



—Indianapolis Star.

MILLIONAIRE A MURDERER.

Harry Thaw Kills Stanford White in New York.

Stanford White, a well-known New York architect, member of exclusive clubs and prominent in society, was shot and instantly killed by Harry Kendall Thaw, member of the Pittsburgh family of millionaires and husband of Evelyn Nesbit, the actress, at the Madison Square Roof Garden Monday night.

Mr. White was an old friend of the Nesbit family and was instrumental in procuring a position on the stage for Evelyn, when she came to New York years ago and served for some time as an artist's model.

It was near the close of "Mumsele Champeigne," a musical comedy, with which the garden was opened, that Thaw approached the table at which White was seated with another man and fired three shots from an automatic revolver into the breast of the architect.

Thaw was arrested without making any resistance after he had dramatically assured the terrified audience by gesture that he would shoot no more and had emptied his weapon of cartridges. He was locked in the West 30th street police station, where he made a statement that the death of White was deserved for many reasons.

There is no doubt that jealousy, amounting almost to an insane hatred, was responsible for the deed. In his statement Thaw mentioned several times the name of his wife, coupling this with characterizations of White that he was a blackguard and a scoundrel. Mrs. Thaw was on the roof at the time of the tragedy. She had only time to rush out as the special policeman was leading her husband away a prisoner and throw her arms around his neck, crying hysterically, "Oh, Harry! Harry! Harry!" when she collapsed and was taken away by friends.

The throng in the theater was near a panic. That there was no disaster was due to the scene that was then on the stage, to the coolness of Lionel Lawrence, the stage manager, to several men in the audience and to actresses.

The highlight of the scene presented all from seeing the tragedy. The detonating reports of the revolver, so much resembled a firecracker that few received the first alarm. Then it was that Mr. Lawrence and the others, springing up everywhere, called upon all to remain in their seats, as there was no danger, while others covered the body of White with their coats and clothes. The performance was at once concluded, but the audience passed out without giving evidence of great excitement.

The tragedy, while a shock to the friends of both men, was not altogether a surprise to them. They knew, and have known for several years, that against the architect Thaw had the most bitter feeling.

Opposite Consumption Remedy.
A treatment for tuberculosis, based upon the known function of white blood corpuscles, namely, their power to assimilate and carry away disease bacilli, has been recently investigated with considerable success in a London hospital. It is found that if certain organisms, termed opsonins, are not present in sufficient strength, the white corpuscles are unable to do their duty, and the disease makes headway rapidly. If an examination of the patient shows a shortage of opsonins, a serum made of dead bacteria of the same variety as those causing the disease, is injected. The patient's own body then stimulates the production of the desired opsonins. This condition may be preserved by daily tests until the disease is expelled. The most notable successes have been obtained in cases of lupus, the bacillus of which is identified with that of tuberculosis, only that the former attacks the skin.

Butter Storage Experiments.
Extensive experiments in the making and storing of butter made in the last eight months by the Agricultural Department reveal the fact that light salting, low temperature, full tubs or cans, to eliminate air, and cream received at the creamery in a perfectly sweet condition gave by far the best results for storage butter. Butter made from sour cream kept as well while in storage at low temperature, but rapidly deteriorated after being taken out, making it entirely unsatisfactory. Butter heavily salted did not keep as well as that with little salt.

Volcanoes Due to Radium.
Major E. C. Dutton, in an article for the Popular Science Monthly, discounts from the popular theory that volcanoes "are the chimneys of the world," and is convinced that they are situated over lava reservoirs, "traps over three miles deep." Proof of this he finds in the study of earth tremors or quakes, which always accompany volcanic eruptions. These are caused by the same lava, so pent up, as the source of heat, which causes the gaseous eruption, as the radio activity of the earth's crust in limited tracts at a depth of from one to three miles, shows causing a melting of the rock.

President to See Canal.
Fall Trip to Panama Will Replace Proposed Western Tour.
Announcement of President Roosevelt's intention to visit the isthmus of Panama next fall and personally investigate the work of construction on the great waterway came as a surprise from the White House, a Washington correspondent says. Incidentally it was also given out that Mr. Roosevelt would not make the proposed trip to San Francisco in the fall nor the tour of the Middle West which he had contemplated for next spring. In May, 1907, however, he will take a run into Michigan, stopping at Lansing for the agricultural college celebration.

It is expected the President will leave Washington for Panama the latter part of next October or in the early days of November. He will be absent about three weeks. The trip probably will be made on one of the big cruisers of the navy, but what vessel will carry the President and his party is yet not known.

None of the details of the trip has yet been worked out. Beyond the bare decision to make the trip the President has reached practically no conclusions. It is likely he will be accompanied on the journey by Secretary Taft and Chairman Shonts of the Panama Canal Commission, but even this has not been determined definitely.

The President has long desired personally to inspect the route of the canal and to make himself personally familiar with the great undertaking of constructing the waterway. This decision that he will visit the American zone on the isthmus of Panama was not reached hastily, but has been under consideration for a considerable time. It is the expectation that the President will be able to spend at least a week on the canal zone and in that time he will familiarize himself with the situation by a study of it at close range. A personal visit to the canal zone will enable him to handle with an absolute knowledge of the situation the great problems which constantly will be arising in connection with the work of canal construction and administration.

FACTS GUARANTEED

Neuralgia and Anemia are Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

For nearly a generation the people of this country have known Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, during which time proof of thousands of cures by this remedy has been published and confirmed and not one person has been harmed in the slightest degree by their use. The pills contain no opiate, narcotic or stimulant, nor any drug which could injure the most delicate constitution.

"For over a year," says Miss Charlotte Van Salisbury, of Onsted, N.Y., "I suffered from neuralgia and palpitation of the heart. My skin was pale and raw and I was troubled with dizziness, fainting spells and fits of indignation. I was very nervous and would start at the slightest sound. At times a great weakness would come over me and on one occasion my limbs gave way under me and I fell to the sidewalk."

"Of course I was treated by our local physicians and also consulted a noted doctor at Albany, but nothing they gave me seemed to benefit me. One day I read in a newspaper about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I immediately gave them a trial. I soon felt much better and my color had begun to return. I continued using the pills and by the time I had taken eight boxes I was entirely cured."

"My sister, Sarah Van Salisbury, suffered terribly from anemia. She was pale and thin and we feared that she would become a victim of consumption. She tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and in a short time she began to gain in strength and weight. She is now strong and well and we both heartily recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who are ill. I will be glad to send you a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People at the price of \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. Descriptive pamphlets free on request."

THE LONG-AVOIDED WORD.

It Was a Shock to Mrs. Madden When They Called Her "Fat."

Mrs. Madden, smiling and short of breath, achieved the last step and sank into the veranda rocking-chair, which creaked loudly.

"Adeline," she panted, while a shower of small parcels, unwisely entrusted to her lap, rolled from that impossible resting-place and strewn the piazza, "Adeline, I have certainly gained flesh."

"Now, mother," began Adeline, soothingly, "that's what you always say, but I'm sure, when you're weighed, you'll find—"

"And I never am weighed, Adeline, and you and I know very well why. I haven't dared. But to-day, downtown, I met a woman who didn't mind matters, and she told me up and down I was fat—fat, Adeline! She didn't even say 'plump' or 'matronly' or 'comfortable' or 'of dignified and commanding figure.' She looked me straight in the face and told me I was a fat old woman. Think of it!"

"The hateful creature!" cried Adeline, indignantly. "How dared she! Why, mother? As if you weren't just the dearest, nicest, chubbiest, coziest—As if you weren't exactly right just as you are, every pound and inch of you? As if—"

"There, there, I didn't mind, child! But she called me fat, plain fat; and then she laughed," asserted Mrs. Madden, placidly, "and I didn't wonder at all how she dared, either; I only laughed at her because she hadn't dared before. You go with me to Ferguson's new store, and down the broad aisle to the long mirror with the strong light on it, and I'll point her out to you; I think she's somebody you know. And I always did say, Adeline, that there wasn't a decent light on a single looking-glass in this house, and that we ought to have a new one, down to the floor, so we could really see ourselves."

"Oh," said Adeline, "Why, mother?" "Take in my wraps and parcels, will you, child, and bring me out a fan, and a footstool, and a glass of water and the evening paper," directed Mrs. Madden, comfortably. "I'm too weighty a body to move for trifles, and I think I'll sit a while where I am. Other folks must trot for me now, and tomorrow I'm going to get weighed and find out just how much my arduous life there is I can hold up as a reproach if they don't fly round and do it quick enough."

"I'm sure I'll turn the scales at a hundred and seventy-five, Adeline, aren't you? Or do you suppose it could be a round two hundred?" Youth's Companion.

Probably an Imitation.
"John," said Mr. Upjohn, who had prevailed upon his husband to accompany her on a shopping expedition, "there is some of that fine mission furniture I was telling you about."

Mr. Upjohn inspected it critically. "Um—no," he said, "I don't believe it's the genuine article. It isn't ugly enough."

CLEVER DOCTOR
Cured a 20 Years' Trouble Without Any Medicine.
A wise Indiana physician cured twenty years' stomach disease without any medicine, as his patient tells:

"I had stomach trouble for twenty years, tried allopathic medicines, patent medicines and all the simple remedies suggested by my friends, but grew worse all the time."

"Finally a doctor, who is the most prominent physician in this part of the State, told me medicine would do me no good, only irritating my stomach and making it worse—that I must look to diet and quit drinking coffee."

"I cried out in alarm, 'Quit drinking coffee?' why, 'What will I drink?'" "Try Postum," said the doctor; "I drink it and you will like it when it is made according to directions, with cream, for it is delicious and has none of the bad effects coffee has."

"Well, that was two years ago and I am still drinking Postum. My stomach is right again, and I know Doctor hit the nail on the head when he decided coffee was the cause of all my trouble. I only wish I had quit it years ago and drank Postum in its place." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Never too late to mend. Ten days' trial of Postum in place of coffee works wonders. There's a reason.

Look in page for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Fame of Shakespeare.

Two Americans who were travelling in England made a devout pilgrimage to Stratford-on-Avon, and passed several days wandering about the neighborhood, says Harper's Weekly. One day they met a countryman, and, pausing, one of the pilgrims said:

"My friend, I envy your life here amid the fields that know the great poet's youth. What sublime thoughts must come to you as you tread the paths his feet trod!"

The rustic simply stared, and the American demanded if he knew of whom he was speaking, receiving a prompt negative.

"Why, of Shakespeare, man. You must know of him!" the pilgrim explained, stricken with horror.

After some coaxing the man finally admitted that he had heard of Shakespeare, and believed that he had "skrote for sunnunt."

"And have you any idea for what he wrote—was it the Times?" the American inquired with infinite sarcasm.

"Oh, it wasn't the Lannon paper," the man said. "I know it was sunnunt solemn like. I think it was the bible, be-like."

TORTURED WITH GRAVEL.

Since Using Doan's Kidney Pills Not a Single Stone Has Formed.

Capt. S. L. Crute, Adj. Wm. Watts Camp, U. C. V., Hancock, Va., says: "I suffered a long, long time with my back, and felt draggy and listless and tired all the time. I lost from my usual weight, 225, to 170. Urinary passages were too frequent and I had to get up often in the night. I had headaches and dizzy spells also, but my worst suffering was from renal colic. After I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I passed a gravel stone as big as a bean. Since then I have never had an attack of gravel, and have picked up to my former health and weight. I am a well man, and give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for it."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Good Material for a Juror.

The Judge had his patience sorely tried by lawyers who wished to talk and by men who tried to evade jury service, says the Green Bag.

"Shudge," cried the German. "What is it?" demanded the Judge.

"I think I like to go home to my wife," said the German.

"You can't," retorted the Judge. "Sit down."

"But, Shudge," persisted the German, "I don't think I make a good shuror."

"You're the best in the box," said the Judge. "Sit down."

"What box?" said the German.

"Jury box," said the Judge.

"But, Shudge," persisted the little German, "I don't speak good English."

"You don't have to speak any at all," said the Judge. "Sit down."

The little German pointed at the lawyers to make his last desperate plea.

"Shudge," he said, "I don't make nod-dings of what these fellows say."

It was the Judge's chance to get even for many annoyances.

"Neither can any one else," he said. "Sit down."

Artificial Sea Breezes.

They are making everything in Germany nowadays, including artificial sea breezes. At Bad Nauheim the water from the salt springs is carried to the top of a hedge, thirty feet high, several yards thick and many hundred yards in length. The water trickles down through this hedge, evaporating as it falls. The air circulating through the hedge becomes cold and the summer visitors congregate on the benches to leeward, reveling in the salt breezes.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Teething Troubles, and all the ailments of Infants.

An Impressionist's Luck.

He was an artist of the Impressionistic school. Being rather shabby in drawing, he made up for his lack of technique by spreading the colors recklessly and counting on distance to lend enchantment to the view.

And at the exhibition he hung one of his most reckless performances. Then he took a friend to see it.

"Well," remarked the friend, after gazing at it for a few minutes, "I don't want to flatter you, old man, but that is the best thing you have done for many a day. That is a picture worthy the name. I congratulate you!"

The artist looked again at the picture, much pleased with the criticism—and turned red. The hanging committee had placed it on the wall upside down.

But he made no objection. The original price mark had been \$10. An hour later it sold for \$40.

Folite but Busy.

Not long ago a delegation of women appeared at the Capitol to solicit the support of a member of Congress for a bill in which they were interested. This member, says a writer in the Philadelphia Public Ledger, is a most energetic man, and, appreciating the fact that his time was pretty well occupied, the spokeswoman said:

"Now, sir, if you would prefer, we will see you at your hotel in the evening."

"Oh, no; I shall be glad to hear you now," he said, courteously.

"But we have a great deal to say on the subject."

"Ladies," he said, bowing politely, "I shall be delighted to hear you, no matter how much you have to say, if you will only put it in a few words."

Symptomatic.

Mrs. Sharpe—My dear, our daughter is thinking of marrying that impecunious Mr. Nockys who calls on her occasionally.

Mr. Sharpe—Gee whiz! Did she tell you so?

Mrs. Sharpe—No, but she told me to-day that she thought she could be of so much help to me if she learned to cook and wash and iron and darn socks.—Cleveland Leader.

Taking Issues.

"You will live to regret talking that way to me!" tearfully spoke Miss Peachey.

"I sincerely hope not," replied Miss Tartan. "I should be awfully sorry to live till the world comes to an end."

With a Little Persuasion.

"Johnny, these look green. I told you to ask for eating apples."

"That's what these are, mamma. The man at the store says all they need is to be cooked a little 'fore you eat 'em."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Allen's Foot-Ease

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.

DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Castorex

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome California blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

COMPLEXION HANDS AND HAIR



Preserved Purified and Beautified by

Cuticura SOAP

The World's Favorite

Emollient for rashes,

blemishes, eczemas, Itch-

ings, irritations, and sca-

lings. For red, rough,

and greasy complexions, for

sore, itching, burning hands

and feet, for baby rashes,

itchings, and chaffings, as

well as for all the purposes

of the toilet, bath, and nurs-

ery, Cuticura Soap, assisted

by Cuticura Ointment, the

great Skin Cure, is priceless.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for every

Rash, from Pimples to Eczema, from Itchiness to Acne,

constituted of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and

Resolvent, the (in form of Cuticura Cream) Pills, the (in

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(in form of Cuticura Lotion) Lotion, the (in form of

Cuticura Cream) Cream, the (in form of Cuticura

Powder) Powder, the (in form of Cuticura Lotion) Lotion,

the (in form of Cuticura Cream) Cream, the (in form of

Crawford Avalanche.

A. P. HARRIS, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year.....\$1.00
Six Months......50
Three Months......25

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JULY 5.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

The republicans of the 28th Senatorial District are called to meet at the Court House, in West Branch, Michigan, Tuesday, July 17th, at 10.00 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for State Senator and transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The several counties are entitled to Representation as follows:

| | | | |
|----------|---|-----------|---|
| Alcona | 3 | Iosco | 7 |
| Arenac | 7 | Missaukee | 7 |
| Clare | 7 | Ogemaw | 6 |
| Crawford | 3 | Oscoda | 2 |
| Gladwin | 5 | Roscommon | 1 |

Dated June 18, 1907.
S. E. HAYES, Secretary.
S. C. KIRKBRIDE, Chairman.

Official Call For REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

To the Republican Electors of the State of Michigan:

The State Convention of the Republicans of Michigan is hereby called to meet at the Light Guard Armory in the city of Detroit, Wednesday, August 8, 1906, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for State offices, for the selection of a State Central Committee and Chairman thereof, and for transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

In accordance with the provisions of law and the action of the Republican State Central Committee, every county will be entitled to one delegate for each three hundred of the total vote cast therein for the Republican candidate for Governor at the last election and one additional delegate for a moiety of 151 votes or more.

Pursuant to law, Monday, the 18th day of June, 1906, is hereby designated as the day on which delegates to the State Convention shall be held in each county. The County Convention of the Republican Party for the election of delegates to the Republican State Convention herein called.

Under the resolutions of 1888, no delegate will be entitled to a seat in the State Convention who does not reside in the county he proposes to represent.

The delegates from the several counties in each Congressional District are requested to meet in district caucus at 9.30 o'clock a. m. on the day of the State Convention, and select officers as follows, to be presented to the State Convention for confirmation:

- 1—One Vice-President.
- 2—One Assistant Secretary.
- 3—One member of the committee on "Credentials."
- 4—One member of the committee on "Permanent Organization and Order of Business."
- 5—One member of the committee on "Resolutions."
- 6—Two members of State Central Committee.

In compliance with the resolutions adopted in Detroit, June 23, 1890, the secretary of each county convention is urged to forward to the Secretary of the State Central Committee at Clare, by the earliest mail after the delegates to the State Convention are chosen, a certified list of delegates to the State Convention from his county, and the chairman of each county delegation is requested to deliver the credentials of his delegation to the Secretary of the Committee on Credentials chosen at his district caucus.

By order of the Republican State Central Committee.

GERRIT J. DIEKEMA,
Chairman.
DENNIS E. ALWARD,
Secretary.

Lansing, May 1, 1906.
Crawford County is entitled to two delegates.

This office has received the 1906 Year Book of the Central State Normal School of Mt. Pleasant, Michigan. This pamphlet of 120 pages and gives much interesting information concerning this rapidly growing institution. It shows a faculty of forty and an enrollment of about 900 students for the fiscal year, July 1, 1905 to July 1, 1906. The courses of study are designed to prepare teachers for all lines of public school work from the kindergarten to the high school. Graduates from the life certificate course are admitted to the literary department of the University of Michigan with two years advanced standing, thus enabling them to take the A. B. degree from that institution in two years. Students who graduate from the Central Normal are practically sure of good positions as the call for teachers from this school far exceeds the supply. The tuition rates are merely nominal. Those preparing to teach in rural schools have no fee to pay. All other courses require a payment of a fee of \$3.00 for each term of twelve weeks. Information will be gladly given by addressing the principal or the secretary of the school. The Year Book will be sent free to all asking for it.

Luke Rysom sold his beautiful little farm one mile east of this city this week to J. O. Peaver. Mr. and Mrs. Boson are incapacitated for active farm duties, and with a competency laid by to care for them in their declining years, they will move to town and take life easy. Mr. Peaver made purchase of this property after having sold his farm west of this city and taken a trip to the northwest. The outlook there did not strike him as offering any better opportunities than are to be had right here in Ogemaw county, and he returned to again take up a residence here. West Branch Herald.

Additional Local Matter.

Scientific watch repairing, at Hathaway's.

It will pay you to read Hathaway's ad. Just try it and see.

Born, Sunday, July 1, to Mr. and Mrs. Henderson, a daughter.

Corn is growing finely and so are the weeds, keeping the cultivators doing their best.

Geo. Jerome is home from the Olds Motor Works in Lansing for a little visit, fat and jolly.

Mrs. Robling and master Robert went to Bay City Saturday for a little visit at the old home.

Mrs. H. Stevens of Bay City has been spending the week with her sister Mrs. C. Tromble.

H. A. Bauman was home from his U. P. lumbering last week, and spent Sunday with the family.

John M. Smith of South Branch was in town Monday, smiling over the promise of bountiful crops.

Mr. and Mrs. Trumpler of Bay City were here to witness the graduation of Miss Edith Chamberlain.

Dr. O'Neil of Frederic, was in town last week, to witness the ball game between Grayling and Cheboygan.

The Farmer's Telephone Co., are hawking to the cottages on Portage Lake, and will soon go clear through.

Mr. E. Mattison, a typo of Port Huron, was in town Thursday to see the ball game, and made us a pleasant call.

Night operator, Mr. Shaw, held the lucky number (33) that won the pillow cover, raffled by Mrs. H. P. Olson.

Mr. F. Mann, the Roscommon photographer, was a caller at our sanctum last week. He came up to see the ball game.

Mrs. Louise B. Niles took the night train last Friday, for Mt. Pleasant, to take in the special summer course at the Normal.

Everybody interested should remember that under the new law the annual school meeting will be held next Monday evening.

The "Best Band in Northern Michigan" tooted their horns at Boyne City yesterday, to the satisfaction of an appreciative crowd.

William Hatch of Beaver Creek, is preparing to build a fine new barn on his farm and will raise the frame for same in about two weeks.

Carl G. Johnson, one of our graduates of the class of '06, left Monday night for Grand Rapids, to take a course at the business college.

Mrs. Stillwell returned Saturday from the burial of her mother at Mason, who rests from the terrible suffering of the past three months.

Mr. Elliott, Chief Clerk of the Auditor General's office, was trout fishing on the AuSable last week, enjoying everything but mosquitos and heat.

Our county father's are erecting a fine fountain on the Court House square which will add greatly to the appearance of the already beautiful lawn.

O. Palmer went to Ionia Tuesday, to join the staff of the G. A. R. and assist in the dedication of a Soldier's and Sailor's monument in that city, yesterday.

Haying has been started this week on some farms. Old meadows are reported light, but of good quality and the recent rains have been fine for new seeding.

Mrs. J. S. Yates of Detroit, and the boy are visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. W. Becker. They were joined by her husband Tuesday, for a little celebration.

The Ladies Union of the Presbyterian church will meet Friday, July 6th, at the church at 2 o'clock. It is requested that all members attend, as business of importance is to be transacted.

A bunch of money was found on the side-walk Monday, July 2nd. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this notice.

C. W. Manning.

H. Funck of South Branch was a Juror in last month's session of the U. S. Court at Bay City, and after adjournment visited his daughter in Isabella county. He says he saw no crops while he was gone better than we have here and the average not as good.

Mrs. W. H. Niles and her sister, Mrs. Palmer, returned from a three weeks outing in the Berkshire Hills, Mass., and at Hartford, Conn., last week delighted with their trip, and glad to get back to the best town in Michigan.

The Crawford County Farmers Telephone Co. was stopped from stringing the wire on their poles recently set in Beaver Creek, by the Township officers until they complied with their contract as to the placing of their poles. But the work goes on just the same.

MOONSHINE—We found a nice tin pail on our desk last week filled with such strawberries as we never saw excelled for size or flavor. Thirty-nine berries filled the pail, which took over a hundred of the ordinary fruit. Henry Moon of Beaver Creek claimed pail.

J. E. Kellogg, on the North Branch, takes exception to Hubbard Head's clover story. He asks Mr. Head to visit the north part of the county and see clover not headed, that averages 40 inches high and not yet beginning to head. A sample was brought in proving his claim.

Nearly a hundred of our citizens went to Boyne City for the 4th, and got left at Grayling, being too late for the night train. So they could not get here till Thursday afternoon. Heaps of fun.

O. F. Barnes was up from his big ranch last week, and if he was not a candid man, we would think he had been fishing, from his report of crops in that part of the county. He tells of the finest clover fields he ever saw and he has been nearly over all the earth. His herds are lumpy with fat this early in the season, and these lands are classed as "worthless" by those who have never seen them.

A. Polack was captured Tuesday afternoon in the woods along the railroad north of Cheboygan, who is believed to have put a lot of spikes, iron staples and other implements on the rails for over a mile. When caught, he drew an ugly knife and did not submit until three of the section men had surrounded him, who brought him here and handed him over to an officer. His examination is fixed for tomorrow.

Tuesday evening of last week, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Colson was invaded in a "surprising" way by a party of W. R. C. Ladies, seventeen in number, a pleasant hour was spent in talking about every conceivable subject under sun, after which lunch was served in a way usual to the Corps. Before departing the guests presented Mrs. Colson with a handsome meat fork as a small souvenir of her stay in Grayling.

Dr. Underhill was down from his AuSable Ranch Monday and invited us to run up and see his little patch of potatoes, only 100 acres, six inches high, and hardly a missing hill. Then to see 75 acres of oats, now two feet high that promises a big yield. Cattle all fat enough for beef today, and ten men clearing and plowing fallow for next crop. 72 acres of big hay to begin cutting next Monday. "Worthless Plains."

A Tragic Finish.

A watchman's neglect permitted a leak in the great North Sea dyke, which a child's finger could have stopped, to become a ruinous break, devastating an entire province of Holland. In like manner Kenneth McIvor, of Vanceboro, Me., permitted a little cold to go unnoticed until a tragic finish was only averted by Dr. King's New Discovery. He writes: "Three doctors gave me up to die of lung inflammation, caused by a neglected cold, but Dr. King's New Discovery saved my life." Guaranteed best cough and cold cure, at L. Fournier's drug store, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Revenge is Sweet.

On Thursday last Grayling met Cheboygan on our home grounds, for the first game this season, gave them a short lesson in base ball and defeated them by a score of 6 to 0.

After the hard luck which followed our team in their games with Cheboygan last year, it made the Grayling fans sit up and take notice to see the long string of 0 opposite Cheboygan on the score board while Graylings record was interspersed with 2, 3, and 1 run innings.

The day and game were ideal and the home team played the fastest ball we have seen this year, every man being up on his pins all the time, and playing from start to finish, won the game from our old time rivals. A marked improvement is shown in the hitting and throwing of our team and a hearty support is the least we can show them in appreciation of their efforts to make the Grayling base ball team looked up to throughout the northern country.

To many excellent plays were recorded to give notice of them all, but captures by Tromble and Sloan a double play Nolan to Sloan require worthy mention.

Cheboygan played a ragged game, Hoyt allowing several men to walk, wild throws and poor stops shows that Cheboygan has decidedly gone wrong and unless they pick up some new material they will be put away back and become the has beens.

Next Sunday we play them on their home diamond and they swear they will show us that we don't know anything about the game, but unless they get down and hustle, they will at least know that they had opponents and possibly we may win the game for Cheboygan is a windy town and it may be that their management absorb some of it and is just relieving himself by so much talk. Score by innings follows:

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | R | H | E |
| Grayling | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 2 | |
| Cheboygan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | | |

Cheboygan Defeated Again.


On Sunday last, Grayling base ball team won another victory by defeating Cheboygan on their home grounds. After the many remarks by the Cheboygan manager we expected the result would be somewhat different but it was the same old story.

McLaughlin pitched winning ball for Cheboygan but lack of support shows where Cheboygan is weak.

Cheboygan gave us a square deal, but if they hope to win they must play ball or they will have their reputation to make over again. Every man on Grayling's team played real base ball Leagus and Hanson put glories all over themselves by sensational catches while Sloan by making two home runs put a halo around his head. Score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | R | H | E |
| Grayling | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 9 | | |
| Cheboygan | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | | | |

Always go to a



STORE

For Shoes!

My store is entirely refitted, and there is no question about my having the finest assortment now shown in Grayling, and prices are right.

Ladies' are invited to call and examine the **Lady Washington Shoe** whether they want to buy or not. It is simply perfect.

All sorts of Shoes for Gentlemen and Ladies, Boys and Girls.

REMEMBER—A Shoe Store is the place to buy shoes

J. O. GOUDROW.

Grayling Defeated at Petoskey July 4.

Petoskey defeated Grayling in an interesting but ragged game by a score of 12 to 8.

Good support by both teams, also heavy battling on both sides accounts for the large score obtained by both teams.

Spring Chickens by Telephone.

We have a few hundred Spring Chickens, ready for market, running from 2 to 3 1/2 pounds. You can reach us by telephone, and order one at any time. Phone from Lon Collett's Bowling Alley.

Woodmere Poultry Farm.

Presbyterian Church.

Sabbath, July 8th.
10.30 a. m. Preaching service, subject: "Wells of Salvation."
11.45 a. m. Sabbath School.
3 p. m. Junior C. E.
6.30 p. m. C. E. prayer meeting.
7.30 p. m. Evening Services, subject: "The Joyful Sound."
You are very cordially invited to be present at all these services.

Only 82 Years Old.

"I am only 82 years old and don't expect even when I get to be real old to feel that way as long as I can get Electric Bitters," says Mrs. E. H. Brunson, of Dublin, Ga. Surely there's nothing else keeps the old as young and makes the weak as strong as this grand tonic medicine. Dyspepsia, torpid liver, inflamed kidneys or chronic constipation are unknown after taking Electric Bitters a reasonable time. Guaranteed by L. Fournier, druggist. Price 50c.

Twenty Year Battle.

"I was a loser in a twenty year battle with chronic piles and malignant sores, until I tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve; which turned the tide, by curing both, till not a trace remains," writes A. M. Bruce, of Farmville, Va. Best for old Ulcers, Cuts, Burns and Wounds. 25c at L. Fournier's drug store.

A Hard Lot

of troubles to contend with, spring from a torpid liver and blocked bowels, unless you awaken them to their proper action with Dr. King's New Life Pills; the pleasantest and most effective cure for Constipation. They prevent Appendicitis and tone up the system. 25c at L. Fournier's drug store.

Don't Neglect!

Gentle—When you want a new Spring Suit, see the new, up-to-date styles. The latest designs in home manufactures and the finest imported goods on hand. Also the newest waists and fashions for Ladies' High Collared Tailored Suits, on view at

'Mahon's' Tailoring Establishment.
C. Hanson's Building.
Second Floor.

LOOK HERE!

Andrew Peterson's JEWELRY STORE

is the place to bring watch repairing etc. You listen:
40 Years at the Bench
Is my experience, and all my work is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

I Found a Thing to do,

and I did it, and have been doing it ever since, that was, and is making a square deal with square people, and I am still at the same business.

Do You Know

that I have the most complete stock of Jewelry, Cut Glass and Silverware in the city, and fine Chinaware to order.

We Invite

the most thorough investigation and critical inspection and test of superiority on our

Hamilton,

Ball's Official R. R.
Waltham and
Elgin
Movements,

in a Fahy's, Boss, Crown or Crescent case. Twenty or Twenty-five year guarantee.

Bring in your repair work, as repairing is a specialty of mine.

Andrew Peterson.

The City

Livery Sale and Feed Stable

Geo. Langevin, Prop.

PATENTS

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Write to us and we will tell you without any charge whether your invention is probably patentable, how to proceed to obtain a patent, and just what it will cost you. Good service and lowest rates.

MASON & CO.
110 F ST. N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Iron-Ox

TABLETS

Constipation

Hurry-up meals, overwork and neglect cause constipation. Quickly and surely cured by Iron-Ox Tablets.

as Iron-Ox Tablets is a healthy aluminum powder, it acts as all drugs, or by mail, ask for our special 10 cent trial package. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

L. Fournier, Druggist.

ATLAS SOAP

FOR FAMILY USE.

Save Wrappers and get Beautiful Presents.

Ask Your Grocer for ATLAS.

The BEST SOAP for Everybody.

ONE OF OUR MANY FAVORITES.

"BABY"

Small Boxes

7 1/2 in long

100 Wrappers and 1 small package.

Send the wrapper and get a beautiful present.

ATLAS SOAP WORKS, SAGINAW, MICH.

1878. 1906.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always Our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,
SHOES, HARDWARE,
FLOUR, FEED,
LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,
BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson & Co.

HAVE YOU



been to our Store and failed to take advantage of our money saving prices in Men's Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Furnishing, Dry Goods, Trunks and Suit Cases. We guarantee every buyer not only the greatest possible **Saving of Money,** but absolute **Satisfaction** in Style, Quality and Durability.

A. KRAUS & SON,

Leading One Price Store,

A tumble-down, weather-beaten barn is a disgrace to the farm, and there is no excuse for it. It detracts from the value of your holdings and in just so much money thrown away.

Your good right hand, a good brush, and



PITKIN'S BARN PAINT

will save you from the misdeeds of your neighbors—"a word to the wise is sufficient."

Pitkin's Barn Paint has stood the test of time, is guaranteed for 10 years—AND THE GUARANTEE IS GOOD.

For Sale by

SALLING, HANSON & CO.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JULY 5

Local and Neighboring News.

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are one dollar per year IN ADVANCE. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A X following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

Keep cool, see Sorenson's ad.

Hand painted China, at Hathaway's.

Get a fine guitar absolutely free. S. H. & Co. will tell you how to get it.

Don't put it off any longer, but do it now. See Sorenson's ad.

Mrs. C. T. Kerry of Saginaw is here visiting her husband for a few days.

Fred Michelson took his at Jackson, the 4th.

Fishing Tackle of all descriptions, at Fournier's Drug Store.

Miss Nellie Soderburg is visiting Nellie Ferguson.

Base Ball Goods at Fournier's Drug Store.

Jonas Medcalf came up from Holly to celebrate with his mother.

Have you seen the Grayling Mercantile Co's add on the first page?

Misses Case and Canfield celebrated at Bay City.

Rings of all descriptions sizes and shapes at Andrew Peterson's jewelry store.

Fine Sterling Souvenir spoons can be had at A. Peterson's Jewelry Store.

Miss Inez Braden of Detroit arrived Wednesday for a month's visit at the home of M. A. Bates.

FOR SALE—A new house and two lots, also furniture.

FLORA MARVIN.

About fifty of the young people went to the lake last Sunday and had a very enjoyable time.

The house on John Rasmussen's farm, on the south side of the river, is for rent.

Miss Mable Drummond has been the guest of Katherine Bates the past week.

Mr. Arnold Copeland of Bay City was the guest of Willard Hammond Saturday and Sunday.

A fine guitar free with every \$100.00 trade at S. H. & Co's. store. Trade there, and save your tickets.

Miss Hoyt expects to spend a week or two with M. A. Bates before going home for the summer.

Use Bug Finish to destroy potato bugs. Sets per pound at Fournier's Drug Store.

The Bride's choice now a days is a handsome piece of cut glass, get it at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

A cord of old papers for sale at this office. Just right to put under carpets, or on the pantry shelves.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price, call at the AVALANCHE office.

Call on A. Kraus for all kinds of fishing tackle. He handles none but the best.

By all means, get the best for the money. You'll find it at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

The receipts at the Grayling P. O. for the last quarter were the largest in the history of the office. Prosperity.

Trade at S. H. & Co's., save your trading tickets and get a fine guitar free as soon as your purchases amount to \$100.00.

Ernie Rasmussen went to Bay City Tuesday, expecting to leave there Wednesday for a few days visit in Sandusky.

Mrs. Platt of Bay City came up Thursday to witness the exercises. She returned to her home Tuesday, and Saturday her son and family will follow.

Stop just a moment! I want to call your attention to my latest assortment of Souvenir spoons. Call in and see them.

ANDREW PETERSON.

Eighty acres of good land, nearly all cleared, within two miles of Grayling, no buildings, for sale cheap. Enquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Large house and two lots, in Hadley's second addition, village of Grayling. Enquire of F. Sleight, Johannesburg, Mich.

FOR SALE—A good seven room home on the south side of the river, at a fair price.

CHARLES THOMAS.

FOR SALE—Eighty acre farm, near town, good fences, good buildings, good land, worth more money than the price. Easy terms. Enquire at this office.

FOR SALE—A new milch cow with calf at her side. Price reasonable. Cash, or time if secured. C. E. KELLOGG, South Branch, P. O. Roscommon, Mich.

FOR SALE—A sweep mill, as good as new, for one or two horses. Grinds corn and cob, and all kinds of grain into feed. Cheap for cash or will take a couple of weaned calves in exchange. P. Aebi, Grayling.

Get your jewelry work and watch repairing done at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

Mr. W. D. Hammond is spending the most of this week fishing and intends to start work in the post office next week.

Miss Helen Johnson, one of our graduates, took the train Friday for Big Rapids, where she will take the teachers course this summer.

Mrs. S. Phelps is enjoying another streak of joy. Her mother, Mrs. J. J. Coventry is here for a good visit with her, and old friends.

F. Narrin has gone for his spring vacation, Detroit and Holly. He will bring his wife and children home with him, so he will be glad to stay here.

Mrs. G. Howell, sister of Rev. J. F. Thompson started Monday night for Detroit where she will visit her nephew a few days and then leave for Atlantic City, N. J.

Our teachers who have returned to their homes, are missed from the village. Their addresses for the present are as follows: Miss Harvey, Detroit; Miss Gull, Flushing; Miss Woodruff, Roscommon; Miss Roeder, Bay City; and Mr. Murray, Frederic.

The reception given to the seniors by the pupils of the high school Friday, June 22, proved to be a pleasant affair. About a hundred and fifty were present. Light refreshments were served after which the young people engaged in dancing till a late hour.

Robert Schrader, a resident of Cheney for many years, started last Thursday for Okemos, Ingham county where they intend making their home. Mr. and Mrs. Schrader were good neighbors and highly respected citizens. They will be sadly missed by the whole community. The best wishes of their many friends follow them.

The parents of the graduating class gave a dance in the opera house, in their honor, Saturday evening, members of the school board and other friends being present. Dancing was kept up till a late hour and the happy boys and girls went home feeling that a great deal had been done for their pleasure.

Last week another star was added to the union when President Roosevelt signed the bill admitting Oklahoma and the Indian territory as one state. The measure also provides that Arizona and New Mexico may be admitted to statehood as the state of Arizona, provided the people of the territories vote in favor of admission on the terms submitted to them by congress.

Arthur Fournier entertained the senior class with Superintendent Bradley and Principal, Miss Annin. The game of "Advertisements" was played. Willard Hammond receiving the first prize. Grace Jennings the consolation. A third prize was also presented, Arthur receiving from his father and mother an elegant gold watch and chain, presumably for good conduct during the past sixteen years. Arthur gave to each of the guests a photograph of himself.

The report of the Prosecuting Attorney for six months ending June 30th shows 72 prosecutions with 65 convictions, seventeen of which paid \$118.00 in fines besides their costs, four were discharged on payment of costs, and 20 served in the aggregate 260 days in the county jail, with five boarding at the Detroit house of correction 360 days, and 18 discharged on suspended sentence, and one let go on probation, in charge of the County Agent. Fifty of the cases were common drunks and disorderly of the tramp variety.

President Schurman in his commencement address to 600 Cornell graduates last week said: "A waning Christianity and a waning mammonism are the twin specters of our age. The Ten Commandments and the Golden Rule are disregarded and in their place, for the six days of the week, is the ruthless struggle for life and the success of the strongest, the most cunning or the most highly favored whether by powers supernatural or by powers infernal. The vast majority are fatally handicapped; and goaded either by the pangs of hunger or the pricks or envy or the stings of injustice they bitterly denounce a social order in which favored classes monopolize what they deem the good things of the world. 'The idle rich are an excrescence in any properly organized community. 'The vice of the age is that men want wealth without work. 'Grafting' has been so common that the very idea of commercial has become a by-word and a reproach. We are dealing with the virus of a universal infection. The whole nation needs a new baptism of the old virtue of honesty. The love of money and the reckless pursuit of it is undermining the national character."

M. E. Church.

Sunday, July 8th.
10:30 a. m., Preaching, subject—"Jesus Teaching in the Temple."
Sunday School after morning service.

4 p. m., Junior League. A full attendance is desired as the pastor wishes to talk to the children.

6:30 p. m., Senior League.

7:30 p. m., Preaching Subject—"God's Gifts to Solomon."

7:30 Thursday evening prayer and praise services. Board of Stewards business meeting. Quarterly conference. July 15th Preaching Elder will be here. Rev. E. A. Cross and the Pastor will exchange pulpits on the 28th.

School Commencement.

The graduating exercises of Grayling High School which took place Thursday and Friday of last week, are to be counted among the most interesting and successful in the history of the school.

Thursday evening's program was full of interest from start to finish, after the invocation by Rev. Thompson and a selection rendered by the orchestra came the Salutatory by Goldie Pond. It was delivered in a most pleasing manner by that young lady and proved to be in all respects just what a salutatory should be. This was followed by the "Class History" by Frank Tromble, though Frank's style resembles Mark Twain more than Macaulay or Hume, the history was well written, was full of good "bits" that do not hurt and scored one for the young author.

The Oration, Impossible is Un-American by Katherine Bates was well written, well delivered and well received by the audience.

Essay "Music" by Edith Chamberlain was just what her friends would expect from that musical young lady who looks at music from the viewpoint of an artist.

Emil Hanson spoke briefly on the benefits of a business education. His oration showed that he had given that subject much thought, and the thoughts were well presented.

Miss Florence Tromble next rendered a song, "The Mission of a Rose" in her usual pleasing manner.

Arthur Fournier followed with an oration on "Graft" the masterly manner in which this subject was handled showed careful preparation on the part of the young orator. He made a number of good points and won a generous round of applause.

Ole Johnson told all about the "Panama Canal" in a manner that suggested a great deal of re-search and a thorough understanding of the subject.

Grace Jennings sketched in brief the life of Susan B. Anthony. While some were not able to hear all of it on account of the low tone in which it was read, those who did, pronounced it one of the best efforts of the evening.

Gottie Kraus in talking of "The Man of the Hour" utterly forgot himself, rose supreme to the occasion and handled his subject in such a clear and forcible manner as to win hearty applause from his audience.

Essay "History" by Helen Johnson showed the same careful consideration to details that has characterized all of her school work, and was well liked by all.

Victor Brown in witches cap and gown read the palms of each member of the class, and was a very acceptable "Class Prophet" in as much as he seemed to prophecy just what each one wished for most.

The Class Poem written by Bessie Ayers after the style of the Old Oaken Bucket was fine and elicited much applause.

To Otto Johnston fell the sad duty of willing away the precious possession of the Class of 1906 to their successors; this he did in very appropriate legal phraseology.

To Willard Hammond, by virtue of his position in his class, came the "pleasure" and "pain" of saying those last words. He took the matter seriously as it should be. His parting words to his classmates were especially fine and they will do well to cherish these words and act upon them.

Friday evening a large audience gathered to listen to the Hon. Washington Gardner, who spoke on the subject pertaining to the welfare of our public schools. As a prelude to the address the orchestra rendered some fine selections, and Mrs. Osborn sang "Shadows" and "I Love You," in her well-known charming way. After the address came the presentation of diplomas which was done by Director M. A. Bates with his usual grace and dignity.

After the benediction by Rev. Pillmeier, the large audience dispersed feeling that the Class of 1906 had written for themselves a brilliant page in Grayling school history, and many were the good wishes sent out from warm hearts for the welfare of the boys and girls of the Class of 1906.

A True Elephant Story.

All elephant trainers will tell you that it is one thing to have an "educated elephant," on your hands, and quite another to make him show college training. As is well known through circusdom, all highly trained managerie animals come from Germany, likewise the finest animal trainers for their skill and patience is always rewarded by enormous salaries when their students have graduated in the first class of any animal college. Americans are acknowledged as supreme in daring parachute air flying, etc., but to the stolid, steady German belongs the palm for real subjugation of the wild beasts of the forest.

Several weeks ago, by cable, the Van Amburg Shows were offered "the best trained elephant in the world," and it was suggested an immediate reply would be advisable, as others were negotiating for the wonderful pachyderm. Always on the lookout for any feature that could strengthen the already well-behaved performing herd of elephants, the director-general at once cabled the shipment of this new marvel, and a week ago "Kaiser" trumpeted his respects to the managerie in winter quarters. After a few days rest the wonder was tried out by one of the trainers, and alas, alack, there was nothing doing. He was the most confidential elephant they had

ARE YOU LOOKING

FOR BARGAINS.

I have got a lot of MEN'S and BOYS Underware and Overshirts, BOYS' and Children's Overalls that I will close out for less than cost.

SHOES.

We have now got a large and fine line of shoes, and can assure you a genuine fit, for a little money.

GROCERIES.

Our grocery stock is very large and complete, we are handling the best at the lowest prices. I am now receiving butter and eggs direct from the farmers twice every week, and can suit all in quality as well as in prices. Give us a trial order, and you will surely come again.

Yours Respectfully

H. PETERSEN,

The New Store.

CONNINE & CO.

Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Potatoes, Hay and Feed.

The place to buy Garden Seeds.

BEST GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.

Try Our Royal Tiger Coffee 20, 25, 30 & 35c.

Comprodur Teas, Palatine Oil Royal Tiger Canned Goods, Spices, and Extracts.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Fruits in Season.

INSPECT OUR GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY.

A Present For You

A Full Size Cake of PALMOLIVE

For a short time only, the B. J. Johnson Soap Co., authorize certain local dealers to make you a present of a cake of this wonderful soap, absolutely free of charge, when you purchase 25 cents' worth of



Galvanic Soap

The Famous Easy Washer

Galvanic Soap dissolves dirt with the speed of lightning, and saves money, saves strength, saves time, saves clothes.

With 10 cents' worth of Galvanic Soap your dealer presents you, absolutely free of charge, with a 5 cent package of

Johnson's Washing Powder

Easy on Everything but Dirt

We give these presents to introduce our splendid soaps into your household. The following dealers will supply you!

For sale by Hans Peterson; N. Michelson's South Side Market; Salling, Hanson & Co.; Connine & Co.; W. Jorgenson; S. J. Yates, Frederic; W. T. Lewis, Frederic; W. T. Kirkby, Hardgrove, Mich.

ever seen. The trainers were in despair, for the great beast could not or would not understand them, so they reported to the management that "Kaiser" would give no performance, but seemed to be actually growing more and more vicious every day. This is one of the dilemmas of show life. The first inclination was to ship the elephant back to the Fatherland, when the happy thought struck the management, "Where is Herman Webber? He is the real conqueror, for the elephant is certainly intelligent enough, and in all probability has been trained in German.

Webber reached the winter quarters and immediately asked for some cinnamon cake, and, handing Kaiser a chunk, the elephant at once looked pleased and grateful, and, making a low bow to the German trainer, threw up his trunk for more. Then the trainer spoke in German, and with words of command the huge beast did everything in the elephant category, and now Prof. Ferris is studying up a plan whether to teach him all over again in English, or make a German elephant school out of the rest of the herd.

A New Version.

"Give an account of the life of Hannibal?" was one of the questions in an examination of the eighth-grade pupils recently.

"Hannibal," wrote one youngster, was one of the patriots of the Revolution and led an African regiment in the battle of San Juan Hill. He helped to write the Constitution and by Laws and fought a twenty-round draw with Aaron Burr. He afterward built the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad, but he died a poor man because Pierpont Gates beat him out of it. "Woman! all's Home Companion for July.

Job Printing

Promptly and neatly done,

At this office.

HURRAH FOR

The Fourth!

We are not going to celebrate this year, but no doubt you intend to spend the 4th either at home or away.

If you are in need of anything in ready-made garments, let us help you to decide what you want. We can fit the Stout or Lean, or Tall or Short. Everybody and his cousin is "going to the Fourth," and it will be to your advantage to see what you will need in the following:

For Men and Boys:

Straw Hats, every shape; White Camas Ox-fords; Two-Piece Suits; Belts, Ties, Hosiery, Fancy Wests, Caps, Underwear, Shirts, Negligee or Dress.

For Ladies and Children:

White Shirt Waists, Ladies Shirt Waist Suits, Ladies Belts, Combs, Gloves, Ox-fords, in black, white and tan; Childrens Dresses, Caps, Straw Hats, canvas and leather Ox-fords.

Trunks, Valises and Satchels.

Remember, a set of 6 Tea-Spoons, or three Table-Spoons with every purchase of \$5.00 or more.

Grayling Mercantile Co.,
THE PEOPLES STORE.

LADIES HAND BAGS.

We have just received a complete line of Ladies Hand Bags, Skirt Bags, Purses, Card Cases, etc. All colors and shapes, including

WHITE DUCK

for summer use. We cordially invite the Ladies to come in and examine them.

Fournier's Drug Store.

Now, Yes Now,

Is the time to have your eyes scientifically and properly treated.

A case of astigmatism or any error of refraction left will, by acting directly upon the ciliary and rective muscles, cause the eyes to converge or diverge as the case may be.

Grossed Eyes can be straightened by Treatment

and, except in extreme cases, should NEVER be operated upon.

Call to-day before it is too late for relief, and have your eyes examined free of charge.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

C. J. HATHAWAY,

Graduate Optician, Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Drugs. Patent Medicines.

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"The Best Drugs."

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

Now is the time to use

DISINFECTANTS,

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All kinds kept in stock.

Bring us your Family Receipts. Prescription Work a Specialty.

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Cigars.

The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.

CHICAGO, ILL., MONDAY, MAY 1, 1911.

MAY SET NEW RECORD

MANY MILES OF RAILROAD BEING CONSTRUCTED.

Building During First Half of Present Year Takes Lead Over Former Years—Total Mileage to July 1 is 2,208.

During the first half of 1910 a total of about 2,208 miles of railroad were constructed, which fact leads the Railway Age to declare that the record for the year will exceed that made either in 1902 or 1903. These figures indicate that the total railway construction for the year will approximate 3,000 miles. For 1902 was 2,780 miles and for 1903 2,884 miles. With the exception of 1902, the record for the half-year exceeds any made in the last fifteen years. In the first half of 1902 2,214 miles of track were completed. In a recent issue of the Railway Age it was stated that there were fully 13,000 miles of railway under construction in the United States. It is now stated that additional contracts have been let which will add many hundred miles to that total. Although there are several extensions under construction in the New England States, no track has yet been laid in that section of the country, and but 110 miles of new line have been completed in the Middle States, which include New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland. In other groups of States the track laid is as follows: Central Northern States, 152 miles; South Atlantic States, 254 miles; Gulf and Mississippi Valley States, 332 miles; Southwestern States, 600 miles; Northwestern States, 352 miles; Pacific States, 497 miles. In the States south of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi the new mileage aggregates 447 miles, and in the States west of the Mississippi river, 1,761 miles. Texas shows a larger new mileage than any other State, with 200 miles of track laid. Nevada is second with 227 miles, Wyoming third with 152 miles and Louisiana fourth with 148 miles. The only other States showing more than 100 miles each are Mississippi with 110 miles and California with 108 miles.

ON THE DIAMOND FIELD.

Progress of Clubs in Race for Base Ball Pennants.

| NATIONAL LEAGUE. | |
|------------------|------------------|
| W. L. | |
| Chicago | 47 20 Brooklyn |
| Pittsburgh | 43 21 Cincinnati |
| New York | 42 22 St. Louis |
| Philadelphia | 34 31 Boston |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | |
|--------------|------------------|
| W. L. | |
| New York | 37 24 Chicago |
| Philadelphia | 38 25 St. Louis |
| Cleveland | 38 26 Washington |
| Detroit | 36 28 Boston |

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

| | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| W. L. | |
| Columbus | 43 20 Minneapolis |
| Indianapolis | 41 22 Kansas City |
| St. Paul | 40 23 Milwaukee |
| Louisville | 38 31 Indianapolis |

WESTERN LEAGUE.

| | |
|------------|------------------|
| W. L. | |
| Denver | 32 28 Omaha |
| Des Moines | 31 27 Pueblo |
| Lincoln | 25 33 Sioux City |

Election in Panama Pending.

The elections in Panama passed off quietly. The compromise ticket was elected. Returns from other provinces show the majority for the constitutional party, but the exact results will not be known for a few days. At Colon the election for deputies was held peacefully. The government candidates won by a majority of 250 votes.

Ohio Postoffice Robbed.

The safe in the postoffice in New Concord, Ohio, was blown to pieces by robbers and the postoffice robbed. The robbers obtained \$200 in cash and about \$500 worth of postage stamps and escaped with a horse and buggy which they had stolen.

Longworth at British Court.

In London, Thursday's court was made notable by the presentation of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth. The King's breast glittered with orders and the Queen wore beautiful jewels.

Donna Wins First Victory.

Emperor Nicholas has decided to retire the Gromykin cabinet, and the donna has won its first great battle, which may mean the establishment of a true constitutional monarchy.

28 Killed in English Wreck.

Twenty-eight persons, mostly well-to-do Americans who had just crossed the ocean on the steamer New York, were killed in the wreck of a fast train carrying them from Plymouth to London.

Library Bars "The Jungle."

Upton Sinclair's book, "The Jungle," has been barred from the Topeka public library. The committee in refusing to order the book reported that its general repulsiveness made it unfit to be read.

Pittsburgh Millionaire Burglar.

Frank Gale, member of a Pittsburgh family of millionaires, confessed burglary and implicated others of a fast set that have figured in many escapades.

Kills Wife and New Mate.

Axelus Koff, a former resident of Manning, W. Va., returned home after a long absence and found his wife living with another man. He killed them both. He then turned the revolver on himself, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

Scandal in Mutual Life.

Startling revelations of mismanagement in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York under the McGuffey regime, involving scandals in loans and possibly the theft of \$200,000, have been made by the Trustee's housecleaning committee.

Girls Are Routed by Fire.

The girls' dormitory of the Knox County Industrial School, situated just beyond the city limits of Knoxville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire. Fifty-eight girls sleeping in the building escaped without injury.

Stops Sale of Auto Gasoline.

The Standard Oil Company has announced that high grade gasoline, testing from 74 to 76 degrees, such as is used for automobiles, has been withdrawn from the market on account of the enormous demand for the product and the inability of the company to supply it.

WILL REVEALS ROMANCE

Journal Who Lately Died Left \$100,000 to Florence of Thirteen Years. In a will filed for probate at Wheaton, Ill., was revealed the romance in the life of the former judge, George W. Brown, who died from an attack of diphtheria at the Briggs House in Chicago several weeks ago. The document bequeaths \$100,000 to Miss Florence Williams of Warrenville, a village not far from Wheaton. When the late judge was young and poor he got a chance to teach in a country school house at Gary's Mill, near Warrenville. One of his pupils was Florence Williams. The teacher and the school girl fell in love with each other. In 1893 they became engaged, with the understanding that their wedding must be delayed until the death of Miss Williams' mother, who was old and feeble. For thirteen years the lovers waited until death finally placed Mrs. Williams before them. She died in 1906. Miss Williams was not in need of the legacy from her former sweetheart. She lives with her mother on a farm near the village of Warrenville and is well to do. The bulk of former Judge Brown's estate, which is said to approximate \$150,000, was left to Miss Caroline Scofield of Wheaton, a half-sister and for many years his housekeeper.

DESTROY KANSAS CITY BARS.

Authorities Wreck Saloons and Throw Liquor into Streets.

The anti-saloon crusade in Kansas City, Kan., has been renewed with increased vigor. In addition to destroying stocks of liquor and bar fixtures, C. W. Trickett, the state attorney general, has been authorized by Governor Hoadley to enforce the prohibition law, threatened to demolish saloon buildings if the owners persisted in renting their places to "joint" keepers. Many of these buildings are owned by brewing companies. "This is to notify you," reads the warning, "that if you permit said premises to be again used for the sale of intoxicating liquors, so as to violate the provisions of the second writ of abatement, I shall order the premises sufficiently demolished, so that no third trip will be necessary, and in addition will cite you for contempt of court, for aiding and assisting in violating the order of the court." There are about 100 saloons in Kansas City, Kan., about fifty of which have been closed. The liquor and furniture of the saloons have been seized by the city officials up to this date. The officials continue to spill liquor and break up costly bars, tables and other furniture already brought in, and to search for still more.

PAYING FRISCO LOSSES.

Begin Settling in Financial District Last Week After Fire.

The first step has been taken by the insurance companies to adjust the losses of big banking corporations and estates by the fire in San Francisco. Loss committees were appointed by the companies at the instance of the committee of fifteen, the executive body of the fire underwriters, which has urged that reports be made soon as possible. These committees will consider and report all the facts necessary for a prompt and full consideration of the sound value of the property before the fire, the earthquake damage, if any, the loss by fire, and all other factors that count in determining what sums are due to the important financial interests represented in these instances. The financial center of the city is thus reached by the insurance companies.

Decision Forbids Excess Fares.

In an opinion to the State railway commission, Attorney General Ellis of Ohio holds that though the Pronger 2-cent fare bill does not apply to distances less than five miles, it is a violation of the common law for a railway to charge a fare in excess of the rate established for the longer distances. Some of the roads had attempted this.

Corey Fights Divorce Suit.

William Ellis Corey, president of the United States Steel Corporation, has filed an answer to his wife's suit for divorce, in which he denies her contention that she is a legal resident of Nevada. He also denies that he ever disregarded his marriage vows or abandoned her. He asks that the action be dismissed.

Annals Tax Inquirer Law.

The Ohio Supreme Court has handed down decisions annulling the laws under which the tax inquirers have been appointed in the various counties in Ohio. It upheld the finding of the Montgomery County Court, which held the laws invalid, and reversed Hamilton county courts, which held the laws valid.

Deceased Mothers' Bait School.

Thrown into panic by a rumor that children were being massacred in the public schools, mobs of women on the East Side, New York, raided twenty institutions, closing them and causing much violence, in which several persons were injured.

Charged with Forgery.

A warrant charging forgery has been issued against Edwin S. Greenfield, late confidential clerk in the brokerage house of Harrison, Snyder & Co., in Philadelphia, now under \$100,000 bail for the alleged embezzlement of upwards of \$150,000 from that firm.

Two Killed by Oklahoma Storm.

Two persons were killed, extensive damage done to live stock and crops, and many houses demolished by a wind storm that swept over Oklahoma and Indian Territory. The death of a woman, Mrs. O. K. Smith, of Muskogee, Okla., and Mrs. Robin of Perry, Okla., were killed by lightning.

Prison for Two Illegal Voters.

John Felley and John Howe pleaded guilty in the Criminal Court in Kansas City to voting illegally at the recent city election and each was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Felley has served a sentence in the New Jersey penitentiary.

Shaken by Earthquake.

A shock felt in Cleveland at 4:10 p. m. Wednesday, was announced by Cleveland scientists to have been an earthquake. It disturbed the southern shore of Lake Erie for a distance of 100 miles, from Painesville to Marblehead. No serious damage has been reported.

New Rules for War Ships.

Warships from European ports have been ordered by the Mississippi river quarantine regulations as any other vessel, according to a decision of the Louisiana State board of health.

Find a Moss in Bushes.

"He is another Moses; he found him," reads a note pinned to a bush near a fastened in a small boat and found in the bushes along the Mississippi river near Hickman, Ky. The note paper indicates that the child came from Cairo, Ill.

Three Hurt by Boy's Frank.

The throwing of a brick by a small boy into a party opera house caused a serious explosion in New York, resulting in injuries to John Enders, 5 years old; his brother Charles, 5 years old, and Charles L. Werner, 5 years old.

IS RECOVERING FAST.

CALIFORNIA MAKING RECORD IN REGENERATION.

Bank Clearings of San Francisco Show Decrease of Only 9 per Cent Compared with Same Month Last Year—May Beid Rival Canal.

In its monthly bulletin of progress the California promotion committee says that commercial conditions throughout California are unprecedented in the history of recuperation from disaster, and that the financial institutions of the State are on a sound basis, with plenty of funds. The clearings of San Francisco for the month showed a decrease of only about 9 per cent from those of the same period in 1905. Clearings for June, 1906, amounted to \$121,077,052, against \$134,590,000 in June, 1905. Nearly 25,000 skilled laborers are employed in reconstruction work, between 2,000 and 3,000 temporary houses having been erected since the fire. During June 656 building permits were issued. There is a strong demand for labor throughout the State, with good crops of all products except apricots. Travel westward over railroads entering the State shows little decrease compared with previous years. The tonnage of foreign vessels entering the port of San Francisco during June amounted to 60,138.

KILLS HIS BRIDE TO BE.

Tragedy Takes Place as Couple Are About to Be Married.

In the presence of the wedding guests the groom, Joe Reinhardt, Texas, his intended bride, Joe Reinhardt, the man who was to have been married to her, shot and instantly killed her and then shot himself, with probably fatal results. The tragedy was as terrible as it was unexpected. The hour for the ceremony was at hand and the guests were assembled in the parlor of the home of the bride's father, Young Reinhardt, who walked into the room where Miss Kutter and the guests were assembled and drew a pistol from his pocket, leveling it at his sweet heart. She threw up her hand as if to ward off the danger and three shots were fired at her in rapid succession at close range. The first bullet entered her heart, killing her instantly. Reinhardt then turned the pistol upon himself and fired two bullets into his own breast. One of them entered the left and the other the right side. He is not expected to survive. The cause of the tragedy is not known. The relations between the sweethearts have been typical of lovers and the marriage was expected to be happy. The theory of the neighbors is that the young man was excited and temporarily irascible. Families of both parties are among the best in the country and the young people were highly respected.

PLAN PANAMA CANAL RIVAL.

Colombian and Other South American States Propose to Build Canal.

La Zennia, a Spanish weekly news bulletin of New York, publishes a report from Colombia that the Bogota government has in contemplation a project for an interoceanic sea level canal through Darien, a modification of the original plan of the Atrato Transoceanic route. According to the private advice, Colombia has been assured of the cooperation of various states of Latin America. The plans for the canal do not present any new engineering problems. More than half the total cost, which is estimated would be about \$70,000,000, would be for labor. The laborers will be soldiers of the Colombian army and contingents of soldiers from the other republics interested. This cooperation is to be paid for by shares of the stock of the canal and by certain franchises.

LEFT A PENNY FOR SEED.

Thieves Got \$400 from Innocent Hiding Place in Orphan.

Thieves entered the home of Henry Shaver, at Oak Point, Ohio, and stole \$400 which the orphanage had hidden in a box under the floor. The orphanage was a small place, and the money was left in place of the money, and under it appeared a note, which read: "Here is some seed; plant some more." Shaver does not believe in banks. Investigation by the police shows that the men attempted to enter the home of Frederick Decker, but failed. Railroad tickets in possession of the local police indicated that the thieves went from Lorain.

Boy Is Smothered in a Chest.

Little Jimmie McCullum of New York, 6 years old, hid in his father's tool chest while at play and was smothered. A physician said that the boy evidently had some to sleep after closing the lid over his head. The body was found by the boy's grandmother, who had become alarmed at his absence and had notified the police.

"Immortal J. N." Is Dead.

J. N. Frey, known all over the country as the "Immortal J. N.," died at the State hospital for the insane in Toledo, Ohio. For years he traveled all over the United States, paying neither hotel bills nor railroad fares. He was humorously crazy and had been in an insane hospital for several months.

Wales Rocked by Earthquake.

Violent earth shocks were experienced throughout South Wales. Houses rocked and many of the cheaper ones were damaged. Hundreds of chimneys fell, pictures were shaken from walls, occupants of dwellings were thrown to the ground and people fled from their houses shrieking in panic.

Storm Sweeps Nebraska Farm.

The most violent hailstorm ever known in that vicinity swept over Knox county, Nebraska, at 7 o'clock Tuesday evening, completely ruining fruit and growing crops in a territory two by eleven miles in extent. No one was injured.

End of Congressional Session.

Congress adjourned Saturday afternoon. The rate, meat and pure food bills were rushed through final action in the House and Senate, and a new record for legislation to protect the people was set.

Guanantamo Has Quake.

There were four slight earthquake shocks at Guanantamo, Cuba, the other day. No damage was done, although the people of the city were badly frightened.

Insurance Rates May Rise.

The fire department committee of the Chicago board of fire underwriters recommends a 10 per cent increase in fire insurance rates throughout the city.

Wish to Monopolize Reform.

The national committee of the People's party endorsed the movement to concentrate reform organizations of the country as an integral part of the party.

Taft Chooses Yale Trustee.

Secretary Taft has been elected a member of the Yale university corporation, to succeed Senator Dewey.

NOTABLE LAWS PASSED BY CONGRESS.

In number of laws passed, in size of appropriations, in length of debates, the session of Congress just closed was a record-breaker. Four great laws stand out as the most important in the recent history of the country. The railroad rate bill, the pure food bill, the meat inspection bill and the isthmian canal bill—each in itself is a conspicuous piece of constructive legislation, but above them all the rate bill towers as the memorable achievement of the entire seven months' work.

Railroad Rate Regulation.

The bill for the regulation of railway rates regulates the rates to be charged through routes and reasonable joint charges. It sweeps into the category of common carriers all oil pipe lines, express companies, sleeping car companies and private car lines. Railways are prohibited from engaging in production or any other business than transportation, such as coal mining, but pipe lines are excluded from this provision. The bill provides that the rates shall be just and reasonable, and it gives the interstate commerce commission full power, upon complaint and after a full hearing, to fix a reasonable and just maximum rate, which shall take effect within thirty days and shall remain in force for two years unless changed by the commission or set aside by the courts. It increases the number of commissioners from four to seven, makes them hold office for seven years and raises their salaries to \$10,000.

Consular Service.

Under the terms of the new bill the consular service is to be reorganized. The bill provides that hereafter consular officers whose salaries range above \$5,000 are to be appointed by the president. The bill provides that lower grade vacancies, which pay \$2,000 and \$3,000 a year, are to be filled either by the promotion of consular officers or by the selection of outsiders. The bill provides that the selection of outsiders be made by the president, after the recommendation of the office of inspector of consulates and provides for the appointment of five officers to be known as general consuls. Their duties will be to make a thorough inspection of each consular office in the world, to report to the secretary of state, and to see that the consular service is efficient and economical. The bill provides that the salaries of consular officers be fixed by the president, after the recommendation of the office of inspector of consulates and provides for the appointment of five officers to be known as general consuls. Their duties will be to make a thorough inspection of each consular office in the world, to report to the secretary of state, and to see that the consular service is efficient and economical.

Appropriations.

The total appropriations made at this session of Congress amount to an aggregate of \$1,000,000,000. The bill provides that the total appropriations made at this session of Congress amount to an aggregate of \$1,000,000,000. The bill provides that the total appropriations made at this session of Congress amount to an aggregate of \$1,000,000,000.

Pure Food.

The pure food bill defines adulterated and mislabeled food and drugs and prohibits their introduction from one state or territory into any other state or territory. It defines adulterated food and drugs and prohibits their introduction from one state or territory into any other state or territory. It defines adulterated food and drugs and prohibits their introduction from one state or territory into any other state or territory.

Meat Inspection.

The meat inspection law provides for government inspection of all meats and meat products. It provides for government inspection of all meats and meat products. It provides for government inspection of all meats and meat products.

Miscellaneous.

A law was passed providing for the purchase of public lands. It provides for the purchase of public lands. It provides for the purchase of public lands.

Notes of the National Capital.

Congress passed many laws of benefit to nation and made record for work. Senator Tillman charges Standard Oil influence in changing common carrier clause in rate bill.

Sparks on the Wires.

Albert Lewis, aged 25, of Springfield, Mo., was caught under a circus train at Penn. Ind., and killed. Atlantic City was chosen as the next place of meeting of the American Orator of Steam Engineers.

Woman Cooks Organized.

Women cooks to the number of 150 have organized "the cooks' union" of New York. All its members so far are working in Yiddish restaurants on the east side, but the leaders are hopeful that before long all the women restaurant workers of the city, and eventually of the country, will be organized.

Residents of the crowded east side section of New York City have organized a society for the purpose of restricting the regulating the investigation of their homes by sociological students or curiosity seekers. They particularly object to the visitors who come out of idle curiosity to examine what they regard as the slums of the great city. It is proposed to put up signs in the hallways of the apartment houses, warning that "Peddlers, slummers and sociologists are not admitted into private apartments."

Antiforeign Society.

The Antiforeign Society, which was organized in the crowded east side section of New York City, has organized a society for the purpose of restricting the regulating the investigation of their homes by sociological students or curiosity seekers. They particularly object to the visitors who come out of idle curiosity to examine what they regard as the slums of the great city.

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CONGRESS

THE SUMMER SEASON OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY IS UNLIKELY TO BE MARKED BY MUCH OF THE CUSTOMARY CESSION FOR REPAIRS, THIS PERIOD SUPPLANTING ALL PREVIOUS IN THE ACCUMULATION OF FORWARD WORK AMONG THE LEADING INDUSTRIES.

The summer season of business activity is unlikely to be marked by much of the customary cessation for repairs, this period supplanting all previous in the accumulation of forward work among the leading industries. This condition gives unusual strength to current dealings and much confidence in the outlook. Wholesale selections in fall wares make an encouraging advance, while new demands for mill and factory outputs compare favorably with a year ago, although bookings have lessened for rails and cars. Production is close to the capacity in pig iron and steel, and steady growth appears in heavy hardware and machinery, electric supplies, footwear and furniture.

Mercantile collections are unusually good, more promptness appearing at far Western points. Advances indicate that country stocks of merchandise undergo reasonable reductions. Local retail trade has expanded, despite the rainstorms, light-weight apparel and footwear being in much request. Wholesale activity is stimulated by more reorders for the interior and the early selections for fall delivery. The movement of commodities exceeds the great tonnage of a year ago, due mainly to extraordinary forwardings of furniture and mill products and enlarged grain marketings.

The total quantity of grain handled in this port aggregated 8,650,419 bushels, against 8,676,634 bushels last week. Receipts made the substantial gain of 28 per cent over those in 1905, but the shipments decreased 10 per cent. Lumber receipts, 50,182,000 feet, compare with 54,735,000 feet last week. Hides received were only 2,008,533 pounds, against 3,006,101 pounds last week.

Bank clearings, \$205,220,593, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1905 by 9.1 per cent. Money was unchanged at 5 and 5 1/2 per cent.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number 25, against 21 last week and 17 a year ago.—Dun's Review of Trade.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$6.10; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$6.10; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, standard, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c; timothy, \$8.50 to \$11.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$14.00; butter, choice creamery, 16c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 15c; potatoes, new, 6c to 7c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$2.00 to \$2.50; hogs, choice heavy, \$4.00 to \$4.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 45c to 46c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$6.00; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, common to good mixed, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 50c to 51c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 30c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 45c to 46c.

The plant of the West Virginia Brewing Company at Huntington, W. Va., was burned. Loss \$200,000.

The Farmers and Merchants' Savings Bank in Roseville, Washington county, Ohio, has sent for a report on the bank and made a strong denial that he had any family having anything to do with the bank.

"Why, for lunch," he declared, "I sometimes have only a bowl of milk and a hunk of bread and the children get cold roast beef."

Senate committee on the judiciary reports that the Constitution does not permit federal regulation of insurance.

The Senate has passed the House bill authorizing the city of St. Louis to construct a bridge across the Mississippi river.

Government has a scheme to irrigate 8,000 acres of big land in southwestern Kansas by a series of pumps operated by electricity.

Review of the work of Congress shows a remarkable series of victories for President Roosevelt. The Republicans are expected to make the reform legislation one of the features of the fall campaign.

President Roosevelt wants everybody in the United States to understand that the food at the White House is plain but wholesome, nothing more. He read in a Washington paper a story about the elaborate menus declared to be in order three times a day at the White House. Straightway he sent for a reporter of this paper and made a strong denial that he had any family having anything to do with the bank.

Senate committee on the judiciary reports that the Constitution does not permit federal regulation of insurance.

POLITICAL COMMENT

Looking Backward, and Forward.

There are millions of citizens who remember vividly the events of fifty years ago, when the Republican party was born. Trouble was in the air. A cloud much larger than a man's hand was growing along the horizon. Civil strife carried to its last arbitrament was feared, and yet the hope was general that it would be averted. The most aggressive element was in the South, and a later generation can not realize the cool audacity and taunting words with which it pushed a fixed purpose. Yet the great majority of the people believed that some settlement could be reached short of war. The basis of the Republican party was nationality. Its mission was to save the union of States, to preserve the country whose founders certainly intended that it should be a nation, and not a conditional arrangement that might resolve itself into several nations. In spite of the old charge of sectionalism, the Republican party is the least sectional, the most national, organization the country has ever known. It directed the war to prevent national division. Its policies have been national. Only where sectional exclusiveness and prejudice prevail is it shut out. Let the national spirit enter

in the old farmer's pond, they have always made a noise entirely disproportionate to their numbers. In tending the tariff issue the Democrats are deemed to the same disappointment that confronted the farmer when, after having drained the pond at heavy expense in the firm belief that a fortune awaited him from the sale of the frogs which inhabited it, he found the number dwindled down to a lone half dozen. As learned, as will the Democrats, that the noise they make has no real relation to their numbers.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

A Congress that Has Done Something

The session of the American Congress just ended will be notable for the large amount of really important legislation enacted, dealing with vast and complex problems of the day in a constructive spirit.

It is a record on which the Republican party may appeal to the country with confidence, because it is a record in whose final outcome in legislation all thinking Americans feel satisfaction.

The most satisfactory feature of this record to typical Americans is not so much what was done as the way in

HIS SEMICENTENNIAL BIRTHDAY DINNER.



—Chicago Chronicle.

such places, and Republican ideas must at once be predominant.

The first large experience of the Republican party was defeat in a national election. It was a contest marked by immense vigor and spirit in a young party, but the scale was turned in favor of the Democrats by a few Northern States that, at a later period, added their strength to the new political force. A few months sufficed to show that Republicanism was marching on and the sentiment of Southern defiance increased in even greater proportion. At last the flag of the United States was fired on and hauled down at the demand of an enemy. It is needless to describe the tidal wave of wrath that swept over the loyal States. The sense of nationality had been rudely assailed and overborne, the flag humbled, and the property of the country seized. A like provocation to-day would cause a similar thrill of overpowering feeling and demand for vindication. Upon the Republican party fell the duty of plotting the government in its struggle for nationality. It fought rebellious sectionalism in the States to its downfall on the field of battle, and by its principles has ever been true to the cause of the Union, one and indivisible.

As an incident of the war for the Union slavery was swept away. It has since been abolished by all civilized nations. What the United States has become as a national entity can be seen by a glance at the map stretching nearly half way around the earth, and at the summaries of the commerce and wealth of the leading countries. Under Republican guidance the nation was first made the chief united American power, and then a world power. Its national achievements include the homestead law, the protection of American industries, the transcontinental railroads, expansion, a sound currency, the best credit, and many other features of wise development that the people enjoy in common, and which form the groundwork of their great destiny. The Republican party is in the first stages of its career. It sprang into existence because the conscience of the people was aroused. It represents their conscience now, and will live as long as it is faithful to its origin. Other parties may have conscience, but some have only appetite.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Want No Change.

With the life insurance companies, Standard Oil Company, the paper trust, the railroads, the drug trust, the meat packers, and dishonest bankers and office holders on the grill, what a howl will go up about election time for "a change!" But it won't come from the great masses of the common people, who never before in the history of our country were so largely employed, earning such liberal wages in such short work days, or living up so plentiful a surplus for the future.

Mistake Vote for Numbers.

The Democrats who hope to divide the Republican party on the question of the tariff, however, will be disappointed, and not for the first time. There have always been a few tariff reformers and free-traders who have clung to the Republican party. Like the fowls

which, after such preliminary tribulation, it was once the bedrock which was revealed by the American Congress of common-sense statesmanship.

The two leading measures of the session were brought before Congress in spectacular ways which might well have provoked revolt.

The railway rate bill came as a demand for more and even revolutionary laws on the basis of a manifest refusal to enforce existing laws of the same kind against a flagrant offender.

The meat inspection bill came as a part of an avowedly destructive campaign against a great national industry.

Yet first the Senate and then the House refused to fall into either cynical indifference or justifiable though important rage because of the methods by which these measures were brought forward.

First one and then the other was considered with respect to the actual merits, and without regard to the extravagance of their presentation. In this way verdicts of practical statesmanship were reached.

The session of Congress just closed has in the end resulted well represented the sobriety, sanity, fairness of mind, and common sense of the American people, and of the record so made they have every reason to be proud.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Democratic Bosses Will Fall.

The Democratic bosses are bragging that they will elect enough Democrats to Congress this fall to gain a majority in the House of Representatives. Strenuous efforts, it is said, will be made along that line. But as in the past the Democratic managers fail to give the people credit for the keen intelligence and insight into conditions, which they possess. The people are loyal with Roosevelt in his many legislative suggestions. They will not hamper him in his plans. They know that the Democrats in Congress, for political reasons, oppose him and his recommendations. They know that the President has no more loyal, faithful and able friends, when it comes to getting things done for the people, than the Republican members of Congress. They know that Roosevelt needs these men, so that he and they may best serve the country's interests. Despite the plans and mandates of political bosses, when the votes are counted, it will be found that the people trust Theodore Roosevelt, and that they will have sent to help him a good working majority of Republican Congressmen.

Let Us Forget.

If every Democratic free-trader or tariff "for revenue only" reformer, and every Republican who talks of reciprocity, etc., will stand and sing:

Oh, Lord of Hosts,
Be with us yet,
Let us forget,
Let us forget.

—the free-trade Wilson tariff bill of '93 to '97, we believe they will feel better. Suppose they try it.—Butler (Mo.) Record.

The cheerful man is pre-eminently a useful man.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

SESSION JUST CLOSED HAS BEEN A BUSY ONE.

In Both Houses Out of 27,000 Bills 4,000 Have Statute Books—New Records Set in Labor and Oratory.

Washington correspondence:



THE first session of the Fifty-ninth Congress is distinguished from its immediate predecessors by the things it has done and not by the things it has not done. It has been a particularly notable session for the influence of public sentiment, led by President Roosevelt, upon it. It has broken, or approximately equalled, all records made by any other peace session in the history of the country in bills introduced and passed, both public and private, in the amount of appropriations voted and in the length of debates. It has passed more corrective legislation than any other session in recent years and has paid closer attention to business.

In the making of speeches and drafting of bills the Congress fairly outdid itself. The Congressional Record, puffed and swollen far beyond its usual proportions, will embrace a small-sized library in telling of the work of the session, while the files of the document rooms were jammed and overflowing with more bills, resolutions and reports than any single session has ever had and more than have been accumulated in many an entire Congress.

The flood of bills was greatest in the House, although the Senate was not far behind in proposing laws. The bills filed in the House during the seven months of the session numbered almost 21,000. In the Fifty-eighth Congress, consisting of three sessions, there were only 10,200 bills introduced in the House. The Senators presented 6,000 bills from December to July, as against 7,257 for the three sessions of the Fifty-eighth Congress.

The two Houses did not take up all the time filing bills and talking about them. They passed 4,000 laws, 230 of which were public in character and destined to wield a tremendous influence on the nation. The balance were "private bills," mostly pension grants. The Fifty-eighth Congress was content with the enactment of 3,406 laws, a record which is outdone by the "private acts" of a single session of the Fifty-ninth Congress. In view of this accomplishment the people who believe the country suffers from too many laws will have just grounds for complaint.

But it was in the field of oratory that both Houses won fame. With the first weeks of the session the talkfest began, and it continued to the end, a veritable Niagara of words. It is estimated that during the seven months of the session more than 40,000,000 words were spoken and reported in the two Houses of Congress, a record that will probably never be equaled by any legislative body on earth.

The Congressional Record for the session numbers more than 10,000 pages.

The most popular speeches of the session, judged by outside demand, were the state speeches of Senators Bailey and Knox and Senator Tillman's attack on the President in connection with the Mrs. Minor Morris incident.

Money Bills Nearly \$900,000,000.

Lavish appropriations have been made. In the total appropriated, all previous records have been broken. The exact amount is not yet known, but it will approximate \$875,000,000, and may nearly reach the \$900,000,000 point. The appropriations of the closing session of the Fifty-eighth Congress, for the fiscal year, 1906, amounted to \$820,184,654, the high record up to that time.

One of the largest items of increase is in the postoffice bill. Last year the postal appropriation was \$181,022,063. This year it is \$188,000,000, an increase of \$7,000,000. An increase of over \$2,000,000 had been made in the most important appropriation and \$2,000,000 went to San Francisco. Extraordinary appropriations of about \$11,000,000 were made for the Panama Canal. An enormous increase was made in the sundry civil bill, which carried for the fiscal year 1906 a little less than \$67,000,000, but which went through the Senate this session with a total of over \$102,000,000. Of this more than \$25,000,000 was for the Panama Canal for the coming fiscal year. Permanent appropriations carried at the close of last session amounted to less than \$147,000,000. This total is now much larger and is growing with every session. It will probably approximate \$100,000,000.

Chairman Tammey of the appropriations committee and most of the House children having charge of big appropriation bills have worked hard to keep them down, but have had an almost impossible task. Congress has been crowded for money from every quarter. The Panama canal has required liberal treatment. San Francisco had to be relieved, the meat inspection appropriation had to be largely increased, postal business has been expanding so as to require much larger sums.

Rev. Charles Ferguson, pastor of All Souls' Presbyterian church of Kansas City, was formally deposed as a priest of the Episcopal church by Bishop E. B. Atwell, and later resigned as a result of a sharp controversy over Mr. Ferguson acting as a minister of the Episcopal church while still an Episcopal priest.

Cablegrams received in New Orleans reported the destruction of Sagua, a town of about 15,000 inhabitants in Santa Clara province, Cuba. One message said the town had been flooded and the other that it had been wiped out by fire.

Michigan State News

STEPPED INTO A DEEP HOLE.

Young Farmer Drowned While Fishing at Ovid.

George C. Weatherbee, a young farmer four miles east of Ovid, was drowned in Maple river. Weatherbee went to the house of his father and persuaded his brother-in-law, Win Broadbent, to accompany him to the river for the purpose of fishing. They started into the water where there is a deep hole, and before they realized their positions they were both beyond their depth. After Broadbent succeeded in getting back into shallow water he called out a warning to his companion to be careful of the deep hole, not knowing that Weatherbee had gone down. Upon pulling in the seine he became aware that Weatherbee, too, had stepped into the deep water, and he at once summoned help, but the body was not recovered for several hours.

ATTEMPTS SUICIDE TWICE.

Green Oak Man Temporarily Deranged by Illness.

Samuel Ferguson, while temporarily deranged, attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat and wrists with a razor. He made two attempts and the last was nearly successful. The first time his wife saw him going toward the barn with a rope and succeeded in getting back into the house. A short time later she found him in the cellar with the blood oozing from wounds in his wrists and neck. Help was summoned and the doctor took thirteen stitches in the wounds and said the patient would recover. Ferguson and his family are respected residents of Green Oak and it is thought that sickness was to blame for the rash deed.

CHARGES CRIME TO WOMAN.

Wounded Man Taken to Ann Arbor. Bullet Having Fractured Skull.

In Charlotte Miss Doreen Herney was locked up at 1 o'clock the other morning at the suggestion of Ed Dyer, who was out on a four-minute detainer. She was found lying in a pool of blood with a bullet wound under her right ear. Dyer said Miss Herney had shot him. The woman denied this and investigation of the apartment where the shooting occurred showed that it was an impossibility for any one but himself to have inflicted the wound. Dyer's skull is fractured and he was taken to Ann Arbor, where an operation will be performed with the hope of saving his life. Miss Herney spent the night at the jail, but was released the next day.

TWO SALARIES REDUCED.

Figures of Readjustment of Postmasters' Salaries.

Miss H. Davis has been appointed postmaster at Michigan City, S. D. Davis, resigned. The following changes in the salaries of the Michigan postmasters under the annual readjustment are announced: Bay City from \$2,100 to \$2,200; Benton Harbor from \$2,000 to \$2,100; Escanaba from \$2,500 to \$2,600; Holland from \$2,500 to \$2,600; Iron River from \$1,250 to \$1,300; Jackson from \$3,200 to \$3,400; Kalamazoo from \$3,400 to \$3,500; Lansing from \$3,300 to \$3,400; Lowell from \$1,800 to \$1,900; Mt. Clemens from \$2,500 to \$2,600.

FERRIS WILL NOT RUN.

Man Nominated by Democrats at Recent Primary Declines.

Chairman John T. Winship of the Democratic State central committee has made public a letter he has received from Woodbridge N. Ferris of Big Rapids, nominated for Governor a second time by the Democrats at the recent primary election, declining the nomination. Months of observation of Mr. Ferris in his letter convinced him that there does not exist among the people the enthusiasm that would warrant him in running for Governor a second time.

Robbed and Put Off Train.

A man giving the name of Charles Peterson is locked up in Port Huron on the strength of the story told in Lansing by Charles E. McQuinn of Chicago, who was put off of a Grand Trunk train there for wildly running through the sleepers and claiming to have been robbed of \$200. Manning made the acquaintance on the train of Peterson and a man named Martin. After Manning had been put off and Martin was found missing the train crew began to believe Manning's story was true after all and turned Peterson over to the authorities.

Youthful Criminal Recaptured.

While Wheeler, the youngster who, while out on parole from the Ionia reformatory, violated his parole by stealing a shirt at a Lansing store, and who escaped from the city jail after his arrest, was captured at a farmer's home near Dimondale and looked up. He has ten years of a 14-year sentence for forgery to serve.

Albion in Good Shape.

The reports made to the board of trustees show Albion college to be in prosperous condition—the best in its history. The \$255,000 better off than it was eight years ago.

Throws Boy Into River.

Seymour Phillips, a full-grown man, picked John Krums up and threw him into the river at Battle Creek to end an argument. Krums is a boy and weighs 85 pounds. Phillips was fined \$10.

New State Medical Society.

Grand Rapids doctors are dissatisfied with the present code of ethics in their profession and want to go back to the code of 1847. They are forming a new State medical society.

Struck by G. T. Pay Train.

Mrs. Mary Noble, aged 70, an old resident of Wilson, was struck and thrown from a freight train while trying to cross the track in front of the Grand Trunk pay train. An arm and leg were broken and she sustained other severe injuries. It is thought she will not live.

Girl Traced to River.

Luella Matveia, the 15-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer W. Matveia, of Kalamazoo, is missing from her home, and it is believed that she has committed suicide by drowning in Kalamazoo river, to the bank of which her footprints led.

Wife Finds Body.

Heart trouble, superinduced by the excessive heat caused the sudden death of Elizabeth Hoto, a former Michigan housewife, who was found by her husband living south of Muskegon. His wife went to the field to look for him and stumbled over his body.

TWO BLOWN FROM SAILBOAT.

Detroit Men Have Narrow Escape When Powder House Explodes.

Theodore H. Perry and Harry Rogers, two Detroit young men, had a miraculous escape from death, being blown out of the sailboat by a terrific explosion while they were sailing near Fox Island, at the mouth of the Detroit river. The young men were passing a small island at the head of Fox Island, the smaller island being used by a contracting firm for the storage of explosives used in dredging and blasting operations. The powder house was wrecked and windows were broken as far away as the Canadian city of Amherstburg. It is not believed that there was any one in the powder house at the time.

MUST SERVE MIN SENTENCE.

Celton Bennett Goes Back to Industrial School.

Judge West of Lansing dismissed the writ of habeas corpus asked for in the case of Celton Bennett, and the boy was remanded to the custody of the superintendent of the Industrial School for Boys to serve his sentence. The boy's parents allege that he was under 10 years of age when sentenced, and was, therefore, too young to be sent to the industrial school under the law. Judge West decided that he could not review the proceedings before the lower court and make a determination of the boy's age on a writ of habeas corpus.

LAKE MADE BY BEAVERS.

Frank Hodgman Writes of Their Work Near Cinnabar.

That beavers are responsible for the chain of lakes and abundance of marshes around Cinnabar is the claim made by Frank Hodgman, the famous surveyor and author of that place, according to a paper prepared by him and read by Mrs. C. E. Barnes at the annual picnic and outdoor symposium of Kalamazoo and Battle Creek Nature Clubs. Mr. Hodgman claims that by damming creeks and brooks, the beavers have made miles after miles of territory near marshes.

ADJUST NINE TROUBLES.

Michigan Operators and Union Agree on Scale of 1903.

The differences which have existed between the coal operators and miners of the Michigan district since March 31 last were formally settled Tuesday afternoon at a joint conference. The scale of 1903 carrying an advance of 3.55 per cent was adopted. The initiation fee, which the union had placed at \$50, was reduced to \$25, \$10 to be paid down and the balance at the rate of \$2.50 each pay day. The mines will be reopened at once. The new agreement holds until April 1, 1908.

PERMISSION TO BUILD DAM.

Genesee Supervisors Grant It to Power Company.

The board of supervisors has granted the petition of the Northern Light and Power Co. for permission to construct a dam across Flint river at Montrose in order to secure a head of water for the new power plant to be built at that village. The work of building the dam will be commenced this summer and several hundred men will be employed in its construction.

FATAL RESULT OF PAINT.

Young Woman Falls in Fire and Is Terribly Burned.

Miss Armia Whitman, aged 21 years, daughter of Lorenzo Whitman, living about three miles west of Perry, was so badly burned that little hope is entertained for her recovery. The accident occurred while attempting to replenish a kerosene lamp to keep away mosquitoes. The supposition is that she fell upon the fire during a fainting spell, as she was subject to these attacks.

REGAINS SIGHT AND DIES.

Relieved of Blindness by Operation Only to Go to His Grave.

Having only a few months ago been relieved of blindness by an operation performed at the University of Michigan, Chester E. Finley of Battle Creek was deprived of the enjoyment of his new-found sight by death. Mr. Finley was 80 years old and was a retired capitalist. For years he had been failing, becoming totally blind several years ago.

Quits College—Paves Streets.

Robert Thompson, son of Mayor Thompson, who is president of the Kalamazoo Store Company, is at work on the streets in Kalamazoo. Young Thompson, who is a handsome giant of 18 and popular at Kalamazoo college, finished his year's work. After spinning around town in a new automobile his father had just purchased, he was promptly put to work on a heavy job on a pavement, presumably secured through his father's influence.

Shows Goodly Increase.

Revised reports of the school census indicate that Grand Rapids has 730 more children of school age this year than last. The total number this year is 27,514.

Minor State Items.

Kalamazoo has an epidemic of measles. Bay City's health officer is after tainted meat.

Muskegon has an anti-splitting ordinance.

Escanaba is said to be on the verge of a big boom.

Independent telephone company for Kalamazoo.

Little Akron girl jumped off a porch and broke her thigh.

David L. Taylor, aged 66, and Mrs. Harriet A. Hife, one year his senior, were married in Cheboygan. The bride is a great-grandmother, but her mother is living, aged 90 years.

Thousands of sheep are being raised in Menominee county this year.

Alma postoffice receipts passed \$10,000 entitling the city to mail delivery.

University of Michigan alumni endorse plans for \$175,000 memorial building.

A Grand Rapids woman fell on a defective sidewalk and broke her knee.

A Snowing Indian drank a bottle of gasoline, but doctors pulled her through.

After 15 years' service as cashier of the Richmond bank, Frank W. Burke has resigned to become a salesman for the Denning Realty Co. of Cleveland.

A Crystal Falls miner will lose the sight of one eye as a result of a mine blast.

W. H. Pife of Yuba, active at the age of 84, and attends to large farming interests.

Isadore Borwitz, Jr., son of noted Russian painter, is spending the summer in St. Johns.

In a baseball game between Port Huron and Sarnia ministers, Canadian brothers won out.

Edward Hoyer, who married Darlene Herney of a young man in Charlotte, has confessed that he shot himself. His story was never believed.

Sunday School

LESSON FOR JULY 8.

The Duty of Forgiveness.—Matt. 18: 21-35.

Golden Text.—Forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors.—Matt. 6: 12.

To the natural man it is very difficult to forgive injuries. The natural thing to do is to resent them and try to repay them in kind. The duty to forgive freely and heartily has therefore a stern and repellent aspect to most of those who are trying to do right. But for that very reason there are few things that can do more to develop Christian character or bring a sinner nearer to God than the duty to forgive. Forgiveness begins with self-surrender and ends by gaining a victory over the person forgiven. True forgiveness heaps coals of fire on the head of the wrongdoer.

That is God's way of conquering sinners. He forgives them in order to subdue them. "There is forgiveness with Thee that Thou mayest be feared," the Psalmist says. God forgives the sinner easily and lovingly in order that the sinner may learn to love Him, and when the sinner learns to love God he learns also to hate his sin.

We all begin by asking, with Peter, how often it is necessary for us to forgive. We feel naturally that there must be some limit. That there must be a point beyond which we ought not to go in forgiving repeated injuries. But if we persistently follow Christ's teaching we shall end by being glad of all opportunities to forgive others that so we may show them the spirit of our Lord; we shall not want any more to set limits to our forgiveness. Indeed we shall no longer feel that the offenses are chiefly against ourselves, but think rather of the way in which the offenders are setting themselves against God. And, leaving our pride and self-assertion behind, we shall think only of how we may save the offenders from the consequences of their evil doing. All that will come in time to those who strive to obey cheerfully, for obedience breeds love of obedience.

We should not occupy such a large space in our own thoughts as to concern ourselves with offenses done against us. Unwillingness to forgive is a species of evil that is quite unwarrentable and indeed impossible among Christians. Those first thoughts are always for the glory of God.

Remember how Jesus forgave those who had crucified Him. His thought was not for Himself, but for those who needed forgiveness from God, and He cried to His Father to forgive them as they did not realize the enormity of their deed. See also the case of Stephen.

Notes.

Peter's Idea.—Peter, the hot-headed, would frequently draw down upon himself the wrath of others. He would probably have more constant opportunity to forgive than the other apostles, and would be naturally more quick to take offense than the others. When he proposed to forgive seven times he thought he would be acting very generously. The rabbis are said to have had a rule that one must forgive three times. Peter thought if three times was not enough, seven times (the perfect number according to Hebrew ideas) must surely suffice.

Our Lord's Reply.—The expression seventy times seven simply means "times without number." There is no end to the duty of forgiveness.

The Demand of the King.—The King's right to payment was absolute. He demanded that the debtor himself and everything he owned should be sold to pay the debt. Such is God's claim against us, or, leaving His mercy aside would He enforce it. In strict justice we should be utterly condemned without possibility of relief for our lifelong failure to live up to God's requirements.

The Forgiveness of the King.—But we appeal to God's mercy. We ask for forgiveness and He gives us another chance. This parable, of course, leaves out the method according to which a just God forgives sin, namely, through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ; that is another story. What we are to be impressed with in this parable is the part we must ourselves play in order to obtain forgiveness.

How We May Lose Forgiveness.—If, when God forgives us, we refuse to forgive those who have wronged us, then we bring ourselves into greater condemnation than before. We have shown that we do not appreciate God's forgiveness. We have shown that His forgiveness cannot take us into Heaven because there can be no Heaven to the unforgiving heart. Hatred makes Hell as love makes Heaven.

The Punishment.—It was the loving Jesus who so graciously desired to bring all into His heavenly Kingdom who uttered the words of verses 34, 35. When salvation is offered and rejected there is nothing for it but that the King must condemn and punish. And it is a rejection of pardon and of salvation to refuse to pardon others as we need ourselves to be pardoned, because to do so is to reject the terms on which pardon is offered to us.

"From Your Hearts."—There is only one kind of forgiveness that is worth while, and that is the forgiveness that strengthens our love and solidarity for the one forgiven. We must not cheat ourselves in this matter and think that indifference or forgetting are true forgiveness. These will never win for us the forgiveness of God that takes us right into His heart and makes us at home with Him.

Church and Clergy.

The third national Catholic congress of Mexico will assemble next October.

The Rev. F. F. Kraft, curate at Holy Trinity church, Philadelphia, has accepted of the rectorship of Grace church, Muncie, Ind.

During the year 1905 the Methodist Episcopal church sent out seventy-two new missionaries to re-enforce its workers in foreign lands.

The Rev. John Aldis, once the most prominent minister of the Baptist denomination in England, has reached the age of 98. He began life in a shoemaker's shop.

The Rev. Sabine Baring-Gould, the London minister, whose death has been announced, was the author of a large number of historical works, novels and poems. He wrote "Onward, Christian Soldier," and other popular hymns.

The Rev. John Francis Lee, pastor of the Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Zion church of Norfolk, Va., is attracting much attention in the South as a poet, many believing that he is the coming negro poet of America, taking up the minstrel harp dropped by the late Paul Laurence Dunbar.

In old Trinity church, New York, Bishop Greer advanced six deacons to the Episcopal priesthood, among them being Rufus W. Frost, for many years manager of the Broadway Central hotel.

The instance is said to be unique in the Episcopal church. So far as is known there is no other hotel keeper clergyman in the United States.

Pattern Department

UP-TO-DATE DESIGNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

Pattern No. 1466.

Such a wealth of dainty lingerie blouses as we have this season! There is, in fact, such profusion that in looking them over in the shops one becomes really confused and quite unable to remember the details of any one blouse; it is then that one buys with enthusiasm a smart design, ready at hand, and this charming batiste waist is both smart and practical. The neck is cut away in a prettily shaped V over a yoke of all-over lace, which is edged with dainty applique. This same applique forms the cuffs for the short sleeves. Groups of tucks on the shoulders and in the center give the desired fullness, and the whole effect is simple and attractive. Delicate lawns, linens, muslins and wash silks are all desirable for



CHARMING BATISTE WAIST.

such blouses and are most inviting during the hot season. The pattern, No. 1466, is cut in sizes from 32 to 42 inches bust measure. For the medium size 3 yards of material 27 inches wide will be required, with 5/8 yard of all-over lace, 2 1/2 yards of insertion or 1 1/4 yards of all-over when long sleeves are used. The pattern may be obtained, postpaid, by sending 10 cents, the number and size desired, and the name and address, to this paper. Use this coupon in ordering:

No. 1466.

SIZE

NAME

ADDRESS

Pattern No. 1457.

The number of dresses needed to keep a small girl fresh and neat during the summer season is legion. They may, indeed they should, be simple, but there must be many of them. This frock is very effective, and most comfortable. The short sleeves and low neck are cool and summery, and are much approved of by their little wearers. Blue chambray trimmed with blue embroidery on a white ground was used in the model—a charming little frock. The

For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.